

2022 Taney County Community Health Assessment (CHA)

UPDATED 2024



Participating Partners

The Taney County Health Department would like to thank the following organizations. Your help made this possible. Thank you!

- Alcohol & Drug Abuse Prevention Team (ADAPT)
- American Family Insurance
- Answers to Prayers food and clothing pantry
- Boys and Girls Club of the Ozarks
- Bradleyville School District
- Branson Area Lodging Association
- Branson/Lakes Area Chamber of Commerce
- Branson School District
- Branson Senior Center
- Bridge of Faith Community Church
- Brook Wellness Center
- Burrell Behavioral Health
- Catholic Charities of Southern
 Missouri
- Christian Action Ministries (CAM)
 Food Pantry
- City of Branson
- City of Hollister
- Communities of Recovery
 Experience (CORE)
- CoxHealth Hospital
- Dynamic New Visions Recovery
 Support
- Elevate Branson
- Faith Community Health
- First Community Bank
- Forsyth Area Chamber of
 Commerce

- Forsyth School District
- Forsyth Senior Center
- Gateway Church
- Hollister Area Chamber of
 Commerce
- Hollister Police Department
- Hollister School District
- House of Hope warming center
- Kirbyville School District
- Mark Twain R-VIII School District
- Missouri Department of Social Services - Children's Division
 - Missouri Foundation for Health
- Options Pregnancy Clinic
- Ozark Mountain Country Cares
- Ozark Technical Community College
- Ozark Wellness Network (OWN-It)
- Simmering Center
- Skaggs Foundation
- Standing by the Door Ministries
- Taney County Ambulance District
- Taney County Partnership
- Taney County Prosecutor's Office
- Taney County Sheriff's Office
- Taneyville School District
- United Way 211
- University of Missouri Extension
- Vintage Paris
- White River Valley Electric

Table of Contents

| Introduction | 3 |
|--|------|
| Health Priorities | 3 |
| Key Findings | 4 |
| Taney County Overview | 4 |
| Social Determinants of Health (SDoH) | 6 |
| Economic Stability | 7 |
| Food Insecurity | . 10 |
| Education Attainment | . 12 |
| Healthcare Resources | . 13 |
| Neighborhood and Built Environment | . 14 |
| Housing | . 14 |
| Transportation | . 16 |
| Internet | . 16 |
| Environmental Health | . 17 |
| Social and Community Context | . 19 |
| Mental Health and Substance Use | . 20 |
| Maternal, Infant, and Child Health | . 22 |
| Behavioral Risk Factors | . 24 |
| Quality of Life | . 27 |
| Diverging Health Experiences | . 27 |
| Communicable Disease | . 27 |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs) | . 28 |
| COVID-19 | . 29 |
| Death, Illness, and Injury | . 30 |
| Local Public Health Systems Assessment (LPHSA) | . 36 |
| Community Assets | . 38 |
| Conclusion | . 41 |
| References | . 42 |
| Appendix A – Data Collection | . 50 |
| Appendix B – Data | . 52 |

Introduction

Every three to five years, Taney County completes a Community Health Assessment (CHA). The goal of the CHA is to learn how healthy Taney County residents are and find ways to improve their health. Taney County uses a plan called Mobilizing for Action through Planning and Partnership (MAPP) to complete the CHA. This plan has six steps. These steps, the 2022 CHA timeline, and completion method are shown in **Figure 1** (1).

| Step | Timeline | Completion Method |
|--------------------------|----------------|---|
| 1: Partnership | March, 2022 | Community Partner Planning Meeting ¹ |
| Development and | | |
| Planning | | |
| 2: Visioning | March, 2022 | Partner Survey and Group Discussion ² |
| 3: Four Assessments | August 2021 – | Community Health Survey, Partner Surveys, Partner |
| | September 2022 | Interviews, Group Discussions, Pre-Existing Data |
| | | Analysis ³ |
| 4: Health Prioritization | May, 2022 | Community Partner Ranked Choice Voting |
| 5: Action Planning | October 2022 – | Community Partner Planning Meetings |
| | December 2022 | |
| 6: Action Cycle | January 2023 – | Community Health Improvement Plan Meetings |
| | January 2026 | |

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(1).

Health Priorities

A vital part of the CHA is choosing health priorities. The information gathered from the CHA process revealed seven themes. These themes are substance use, obtainable housing, mental health, childhood abuse and neglect, local workforce, unity and collaboration, and diverging health experiences.

TCHD showed information from each theme to community partners. The partners discussed the themes as a group. Then, partners ranked their top four priorities using ranked choice voting. The top three chosen health priorities, in order, were Obtainable Housing, Substance Use, and Mental Health (2). **Figure 2** shows priority rankings.

¹ TCHD invited community partners from eight sectors, including local hospitals, medical clinics, behavioral health clinics, local government, non-profits that help underprivileged people, business owners, K-12 schools, and colleges.

² This led to the following vision statement, "Creating a community where *all people* can access healthy opportunities."

³ Additional information on methods can be found under "Appendix A – Data Collection".

| Priority | Number of Votes | Average Score |
|------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Obtainable Housing | 22 | 6.1 |
| Substance Use | 20 | 5.9 |
| Mental Health | 20 | 5.8 |
| Child Abuse and Neglect | 19 | 4.5 |
| Unity and Collaboration | 4 | 5.0 |
| Local Workforce | 2 | 4.0 |
| Diverging Health Experiences | 1 | 4.0 |

Figure 2 - CHA Ranked Health Priorities, 2022

(2).

Key Findings

The CHA process resulted in key findings which are reviewed and grouped by topic in the next section.

Taney County Overview

Taney County is in Southwest Missouri next to the Arkansas border. It is in the Ozark Mountains and has three major lakes (3). More than ten million people visited the area in 2022. This is due in part to its natural beauty, golf courses, live entertainment, and shopping options (4).

Taney County is home to more than 56,000 residents (5). This population increased at four times the rate of Missouri's population increase between 2000 and 2020 (6; 5). Figures 3 through 6 show race, ethnicity, and languages spoken in Taney County.

Taney County has several unique trends worth noting. The first is that Taney County citizens are, on average,⁴ 4.5 years older than the state (7). Figure 7 shows an overview of age. Taney County also has a higher number of veterans for its size than Missouri, with 1 in 10 residents (10.1%) identifying as a veteran compared to 1 in 12 (8.3%) in Missouri (8). Further, among civilian non-institutionalized⁵ people, 17.2% of the population are living with a disability compared to 14.4% of the Missouri population (9). The total population is split between more than half living in rural areas and slightly less than half living in urban clusters like Branson (10).

0

0

Figure 3 - 1 in 7 Taney County Residents Identifies as a Race Other Than White $\underline{\circ}$ 0

0

| | | | ([_]) | (/) Ш | | | l |
|--------------------------------|------------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-------|---|
| (11) Figure 4 - "Two | or More Ra | ces" Mos | t Common | Race Oth | er Than W | /hite | |

⁴ Median was used to calculate this average.

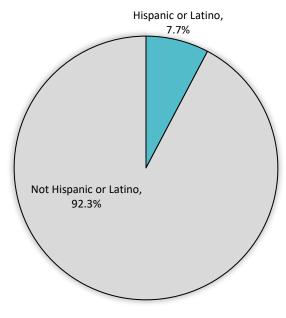
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⁵ The Civilian noninstitutionalized population includes "all U.S. civilians not residing in institutional group quarters facilities such as correctional institutions, juvenile facilities, skilled nursing facilities, and other long-term care living arrangements" (94).



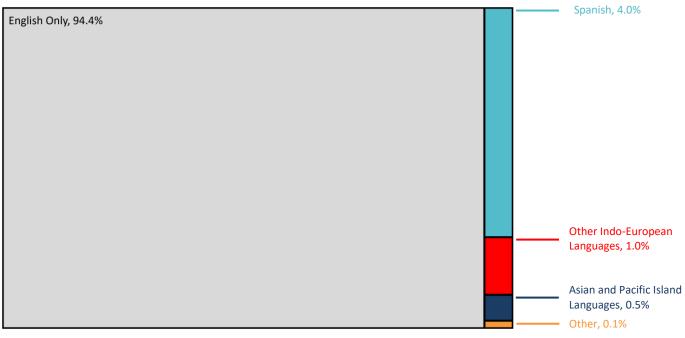
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander, 0.4%

Figure 5 - 1 in 13 Residents Identifies as Hispanic or Latino



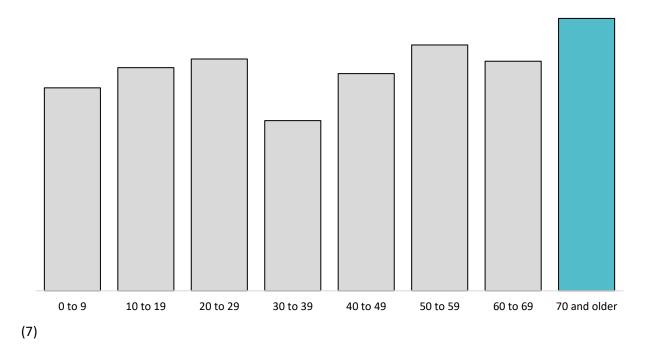
(13).











Social Determinants of Health (SDoH)

Social Determinants of Health (SDoH) are how the world around people affects their health. As shown in **Figure 8**, SDoH are grouped into five categories (15). SDoH are important because they can impact up to

50% of health outcomes (16). The affect these influences have on health, especially between the Eastern and Western sides of Taney County, are explored in further detail under the "Behavioral Risk Factors" and "Death, Illness, and Injury" sections of this report.

Figure 8 - Social Determinants of Health

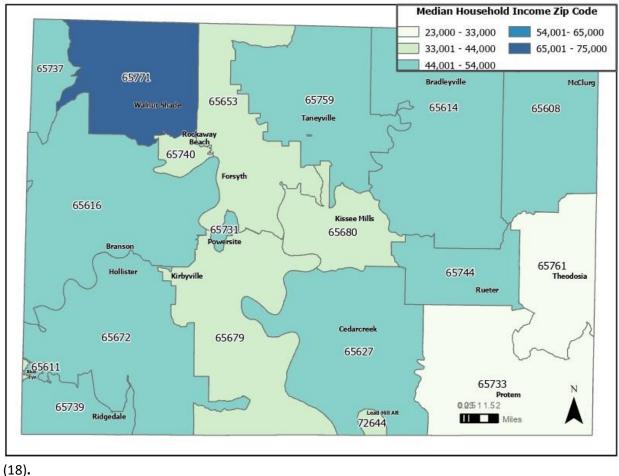


(15)

Economic Stability

A stable and steady income affects the way that people eat, what kind of homes they live in, and whether they can get healthcare when they need it (17). For many in Taney County, income is seasonal (see **Figure 10** for employment by month). This means lower yearly wages. As shown in **Figure 11**, nearly

1 in 4 households have an income of less than \$25,000 per year⁶ (18). This is part of why, when survey respondents were asked what they wanted to change about the community, 1 in 12 said they wanted things like higher wages, better benefits, and year-round work (19). Further, while the median income is \$47,860, this number varies between ZIP codes. **Figure 9** shows median income by ZIP code. Overall, median income is higher in Western portions of Taney County. (18).





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⁶ The average household size for Taney County in 2021 was estimated to be 2.55 people.

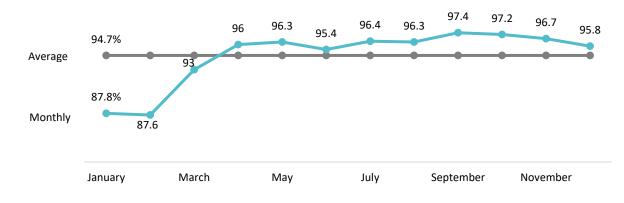
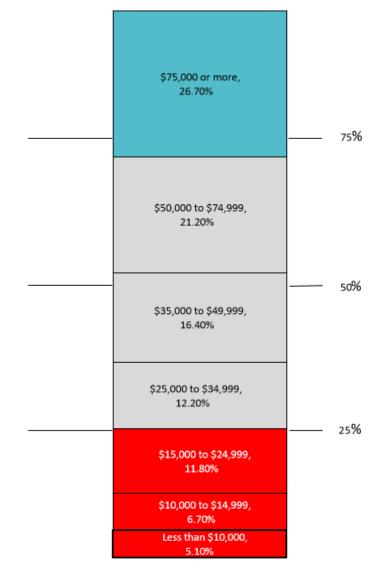


Figure 10 – Taney County Employment Lowest in January and February

(20).

(18).

Figure 11 – 1 in 4 Households Make Less Than \$25,000 Per Year

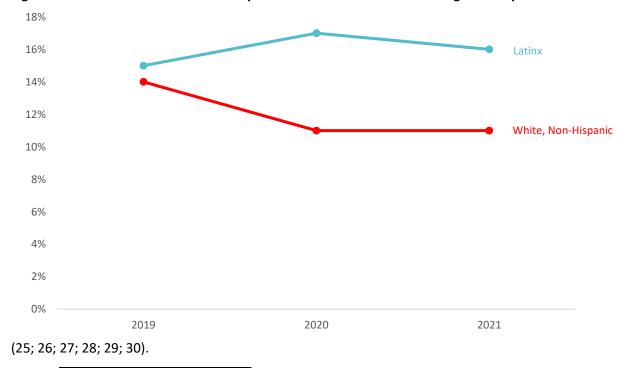


Food Insecurity

People who are food insecure do not always have enough food to eat (21). This can cause health problems like being overweight, having poor mental health, and issues with physical and mental growth (22). In Taney County, nearly 1 out of every 6 people (17.8%) is food insecure (23). Children are at higher risk than the general population, with nearly 1 in 4 children (24%) being food insecure (24). Of the 9,910 people who are food insecure in Taney County, only half (52%) can get Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits⁷ (23).

As **Figure 12** shows, people who identify as Latinx experience more food insecurity than their white, non-Hispanic counterparts⁸. This difference was magnified in 2020 and continued through 2021 (25; 26; 27; 28; 29; 30).

The Taney County Health Department (TCHD) gathered food insecurity data to supplement the data described above. The Taney County Community Health Survey found that 1 out of 8 (12.9%) respondents said they were unable to pay for food in the month prior to taking the survey. When survey respondents were asked which, if any, reasons they have trouble getting enough food to eat, 1 in 5 (19.7%) said they are unable to afford food. Barriers to food access are shown in **Figure 14**. When asked, nearly half (49.6%) of survey respondents cited having trouble eating healthy. **Figure 15** outlines reasons why respondents have trouble eating healthy (19).





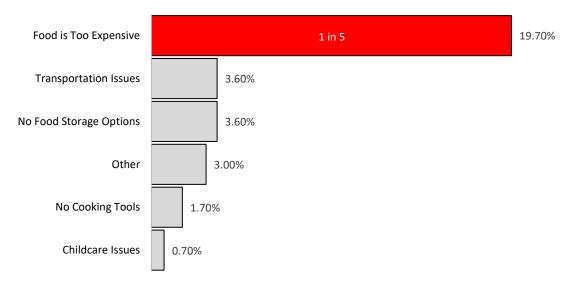
⁷ SNAP benefits, also called Food Stamps, are federal government benefits to some low-income families to help them buy food.

⁸ Food insecurity rates in Taney County were unavailable for people who identified as Black, Asian, Native American or Alaskan Native, Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, or for people identifying as multiple races.

Figure 13 - 1 in 4 Taney County Children Faces Food Insecurity

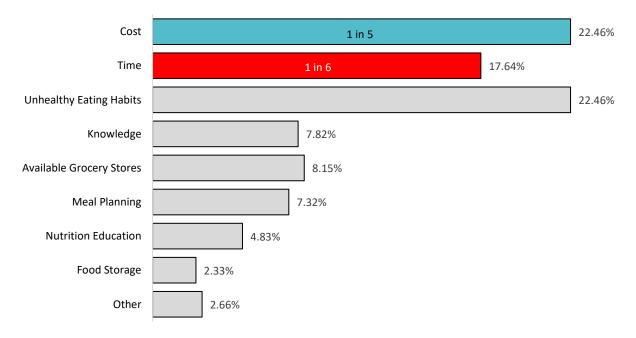


(24). Figure 14 - 1 in 5 Survey Respondents Cannot Afford Food



(19).

Figure 15 - Cost of Healthy Food and Time to Prepare It Make It Hard to Eat Healthy

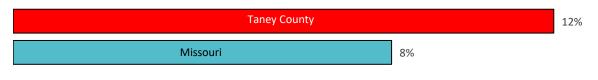


(19).

Educational Attainment

People's education levels impact their health. This is because higher education levels can mean safer jobs, better benefits, and increased pay. This can impact health concerns such as injuries, heart disease, diabetes, and depression. Completing high school can be affected by many things, including local culture, and having the resources to focus on school (31). **Figure 16** shows education levels in Taney County and Missouri. Overall, those in Taney County are less likely to complete high school than Missouri (32). This differs by ZIP code in Taney County. **Figure 17** shows the percentage of people in each ZIP code with at least a high school diploma. Overall, education level is higher in the Western portion of Taney County.

Figure 16 - Taney County Has a Higher Percentage of People Without a High School Diploma Than Missouri



(32).

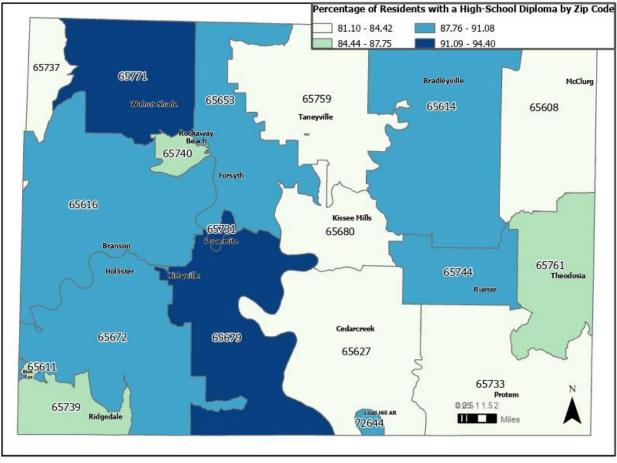


Figure 17 - Residents With a High School Diploma by Taney County ZIP code, 2018

(33).

Healthcare Resources

As **Figure 18** shows, Taney County does not have nearly as many dentists or mental health providers as Missouri (34; 35; 36; 37). People need to be able to see their doctors to stay healthy. Having enough doctors in a community makes it easier to schedule an appointment and get needed care.

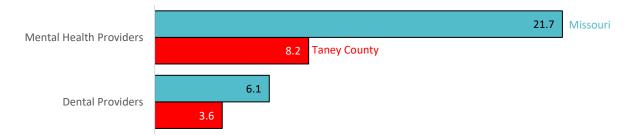


Figure 18 – Taney County Has Fewer Mental Health and Dental Providers Per 10,000 Than Missouri

(34; 35; 36; 37).

There are other factors that can make it harder for people to see their doctors. **Figure 19** shows that Community Health Survey respondents with lower incomes are more likely to say they have trouble accessing at least one type of healthcare (19). Barriers to healthcare access may be due to the cost of visits or inability to miss work, inflexible job schedules, and the unavailability of health insurance benefits. In 2019, nearly 1 in 5 (18%) Taney County residents under the age of 65 was uninsured (38).

Figure 19 - Households with an Income Below \$35,000 are Twice as Likely to Have Trouble Accessing Care



Figure 20 - 1 in 5 Taney County Residents Under the Age of 65 Is Uninsured, 2019



(38).

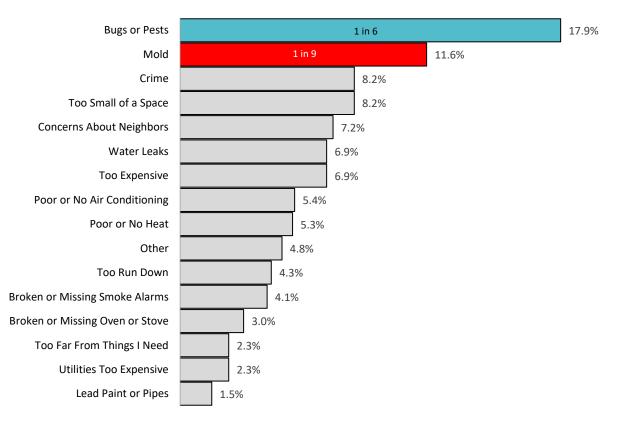
Neighborhood and Built Environment

Where people live affect their health. Housing, transportation, and climate can impact physical, mental, and social health. These living conditions play a factor when residents need access to the resources in their communities.

Housing

Several sources showed housing is an issue in Taney County (39; 40; 41; 2; 19; 42). Safety and affordability of housing are two things that can impact physical and mental health. **Figure 21** shows that 1 in 6 Taney County residents is concerned about bugs or pests in their home. Further, 1 in 9 is worried about mold (19).

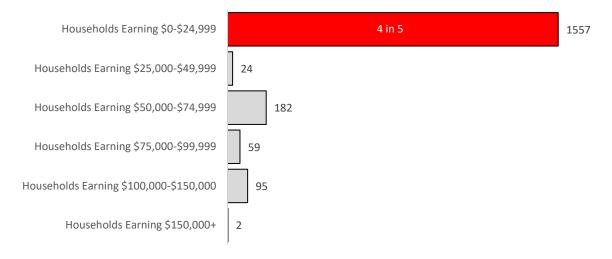




(19).

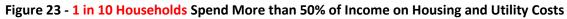
A Taney County housing study in 2019 explored the number of affordable housing units, both rental and owned, present in local cities. **Figure 22** shows that Taney County lacks housing units for all income ranges. Most notably, this housing is lacking for households earning less than \$25,000 per year. This means that many households must live in housing beyond their price range (39).

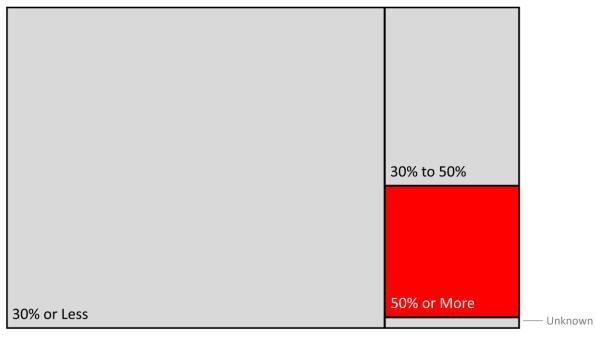
Figure 22 - 1,919 Housing Units Needed to Meet Taney County Demand Four Out of Five of These Needed Units Are for Households Earning Less Than \$24,999



(39).

Figure 23 shows the percentage of household income paid to housing and utility costs⁹. More than 1 in 10 households spend at least half their income on housing and utilities. Another 1.5 in 10 spend more than 30% of their income on housing and utilities.





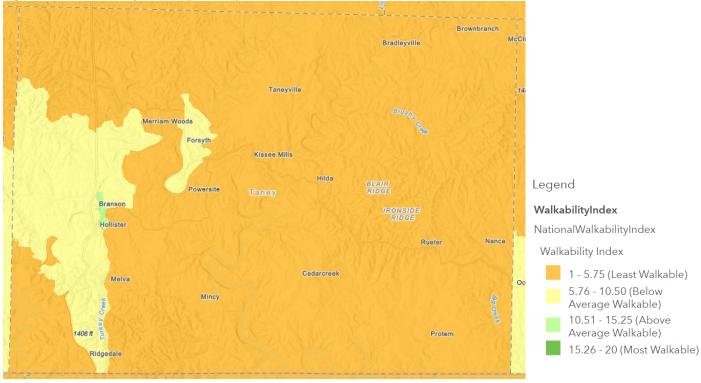
⁹ When housing and utility costs are 30% to 50% of household income, it is defined as a housing problem. When housing and utility costs are 50% or more of household income, it is defined as a severe housing problem (27).

(43)

Transportation

Transportation is important to health because it affects peoples' ability to access healthy food and necessities. Taney County's road systems are unique. Although Taney County has a small population, its roads must serve millions of visitors each year. However, public transportation is limited to the Operating Above the Standard (OATS) transit bus and a trolley that services a small business section of Branson.

Taney County residents often need a car to travel. For those without cars, walking may be the only option. Unfortunately, due in part to limited sidewalks and hilly terrain, Taney County is mostly considered "least walkable" to "below average walkable" by the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Walkability Index. This is more common on the Eastern side of Taney County (44). Figure 24 shows a map of walkability scores. Walkability is higher in the more populated areas of Branson and Hollister.







Internet

Most Americans utilize the internet as a tool to help them schedule doctor visits, check lab results, and attend online appointments. Internet access is essential for tasks that support health, such as applying for jobs, working from home, and taking online classes (45). The Eastern side of the county has less internet access than the Western side. **Figure 25** outlines the percentage of households in each ZIP code without internet access (46).

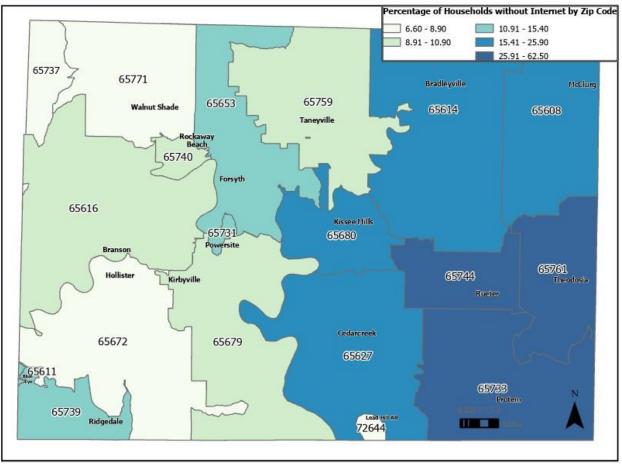


Figure 25 - Percentage of Taney County Households Without Internet Access by ZIP Code, 2021

(46)

Environmental Health

Environmental factors such as air quality, weather, radon levels, and lead impact health. Health and social factors, such as rates of chronic conditions and poverty, affect how much the environmental factors impact people in the community. The Environmental Index (EJI) ranks communities on a scale from 0.0 to 1.0, with higher scores representing a worse ranking¹⁰ (47). In Taney County, EJI scores range from 0.4 to 0.8 (48). **Figure 26** shows EJI rankings of census tracts¹¹. The causes of these scores differ by census tract, but common reasons for poor scoring include the presence of poor walkability; the number of people who are uninsured, disabled, or over the age of 65; and the high presence of asthma, high blood pressure, diabetes, and poor mental health concerns in the tract.

Taney County has good air quality. The most recent information available from 2016 showed that Taney County had no "unhealthy" days for people with asthma/lung disease, people with heart disease, active

¹⁰ EJI combines 36 environmental, social, and health factors to measure the total combined environmental injustice harm to human health. Indicators include measurements of air pollution, potentially hazardous and toxic sites, household characteristics, and disease prevalence (47).

¹¹ Census tracts are sub-divisions of a county defined by the Census to show differences between parts of a community.

people, children and older Americans¹². In the same year, there were 6 days of extreme precipitation¹³ and 68 days of extreme heat¹⁴. Radon, the second leading cause of lung cancer, was found to be elevated in 33.3% of tested homes between 2008 and 2018 (49).





(48).

Figure 27 - 1 in 3 Tested Homes Has Elevated Radon



Lead in the environment can negatively affect a child's development. The rate of children with elevated blood-lead levels remains low, although this may be impacted by low testing rates. Missouri's testing rate for blood lead levels in children under the age of six is 2.1 times more frequent than Taney County (50).

¹² Unhealthy days for sensitive populations are those days that have an Air Quality Index (AQI) of 100 or more. The AQI is calculated based on the presence of five major air pollutants, including ground-level ozone, particle pollution, carbon monoxide, sulfur dioxide, and nitrogen dioxide (95).

¹³ Extreme precipitation is defined as the "number of days with one or more inches of precipitation" (49).

¹⁴ Extreme heat is defined as the "Number of days with a high temperature at or above 90°F" (49).

Social and Community Context

Relationships with friends, family, and neighbors impact a person's health. Life can be hard for reasons that a person cannot control. Good relationships help a person manage during challenging times (51).

The CHA survey and interviews showed that "people" are an asset in Taney County (19; 42). This is shown in detail in the "Community Assets" part of this report. **Figure 28** helps show how people in the community view their relationships. Those with higher income were more likely to rate their relationships well.

Figure 28 - Those with Higher Household Income More Likely to Rate Their Relationships Well¹⁵

| I feel safe in my relationships at home | |
|---|--|
| Household Income \$24,999 or Less, 69.50% | |
| Household Income \$25,000 to \$49,999, 85.50% | |
| Household Income \$50,000 to \$74,999, 91.70% | |
| Household Income \$75,000 or More, 96.80% | |
| | |
| The people in my life support my goals | |
| Household Income \$24,999 or Less, 60.30% | |
| Household Income \$25,000 to \$49,999, 77.20% | |
| Household Income \$50,000 to \$74,999, 85.90% | |
| Household Income \$75,000 or More, 94.90% | |
| | |
| I can trust people in my community | |
| Household Income \$24,999 or Less, 35.40% | |
| Household Income \$25,000 to \$49,999, 41.72% | |
| Household Income \$50,000 to \$74,999, 51.80% | |
| Household Income \$75,000 or More, 62.40% | |

(19).

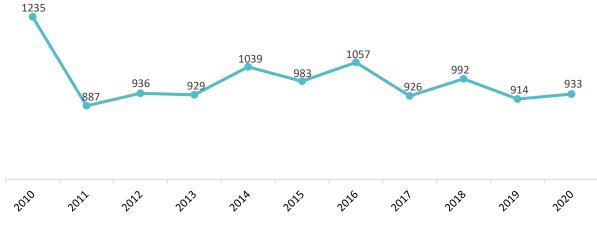
How socially healthy or unhealthy a community can be shown through several factors. Rates of domestic violence show a socially unhealthy side of Taney County. **Figure 29** shows domestic violence incidents per 100,000 people over time. Incidents have stayed steady since 2011 (52). These incidents can cause many different health problems, including injuries, chronic pain, post-traumatic stress disorders (PTSD), and depression (53).

Child abuse and neglect rates also help to measure social health problems in a community. Child abuse and neglect can cause physical, mental, behavioral, and societal problems (54). **Figure 30** shows child

¹⁵ Based on number of Taney County Community Health Survey Respondents who answered "agree" or "strongly agree" to the selected questions.

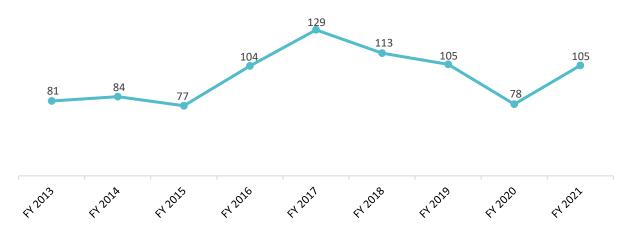
abuse and neglect incidents over time¹⁶. These rates ranked Taney County 24th of 115 Missouri counties for the highest number of child abuse cases per one thousand in the same year (55).

Figure 29 – Rate of Domestic Violence Incidents Per 100,000 Remains Steady Since 2011



(52; 56; 57).

Figure 30 - Child Abuse and Neglect Rates¹⁷ Have Increased Since 2015



(54; 55; 58; 59; 60; 61; 62; 63; 64; 57; 65)

Mental Health and Substance Use

People in Taney County are worried about mental health and substance use. Community health survey data showed:

¹⁶ Substantiated child abuse and neglect rate dipped during fiscal year 2020. This may be due to fewer reports while children attended school from home. These incidents returned to pre-pandemic levels in fiscal year 2021.

¹⁷ Substantiated child abuse and neglect incidents per 100,000 in Taney County.

- 1 in 5 (21.7%) respondents think mental health is a top health problem¹⁸
- 3 in 5 (57.9%) respondents think addiction is a top health problem¹⁹
- 85.3% of respondents think alcohol and drug use are common risky behaviors²⁰
- More than 1 in 9 respondents wished they could change substance use problems (19)²¹

Hospital and death information show that thousands of people visit the hospital, and several people die each year for mental health, drug use, and alcohol use reasons (58). This might be due in part to the 1 in 5 survey respondents who say it is hard to get mental healthcare (19).

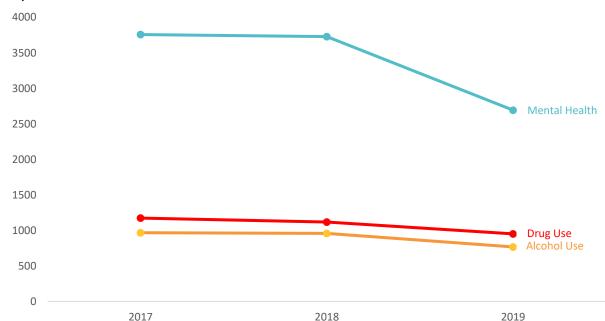
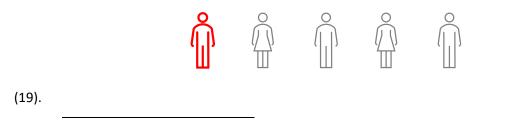


Figure 31 – Thousands of People Visit the Hospital Each Year in Taney County for Mental Health, Drug Use, and Alcohol Use Reasons

(58).

Figure 33 - 1 in 5 Survey Respondents Say It Is Hard to Get Mental Healthcare



¹⁸ When asked to choose the three most important problems to address in the community, 21.7% of community health survey respondents chose mental health.

¹⁹ When asked to select the top three most important health problems to address in the community, 57.9% of survey respondents selected "addiction".

²⁰ When asked to select the top three most common risky behaviors in the community, 85.3% of survey respondents selected "alcohol or drug use."

²¹ When asked the open-ended question "what do you wish we could change about our community?" more than 1 in 9 survey respondents wrote about addiction, recovery options, and substance use.

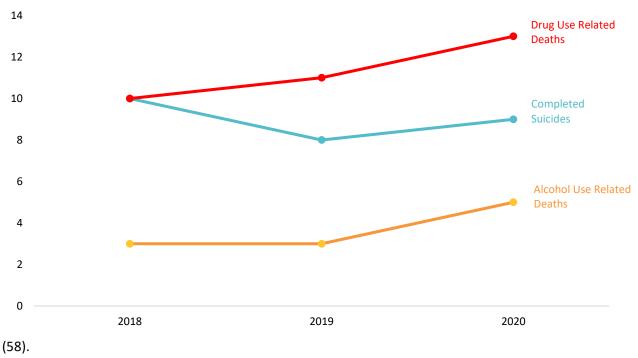


Figure 32 – Each Year Several People Die by Suicide, Drug Use, and Alcohol Use

Rates of substance use are hard to track, but there are numbers that can help demonstrate rates of substance use in a community. In 2020, Taney County recorded 121 people successfully treated at a hospital for opioid²² overdose. This made the county third highest in documented non-fatal opioid overdoses by population in Missouri²³ (59). In 2021, the community recorded that 27 people died from an opioid overdose. This ranks it 14th out of 115 counties in Missouri for most opioid overdose deaths per population (60).

Maternal, Infant, and Child Health

Maternal, infant, and child health is an important consideration for public health. Well-being during pregnancy and early stages of life can affect health throughout the lifetime and affect the community health for the next generation. There are many indicators of maternal, infant, and child health. **Figure 34** explores these indicators and compares them to Missouri levels. Taney County has higher rates of prenatal participation in Medicaid and WIC. It also has a higher rate of mothers gaining more than forty-five pounds during pregnancy and smoking during pregnancy. **Figure 35** shows the rate of mothers smoking during pregnancy over time²⁴. This rate has decreased slightly in more recent years but has remained consistently higher than Missouri overall.

²² Opioids are a type of drug that includes heroin, fentanyl, oxycodone, hydrocodone, codeine, morphine, and others.

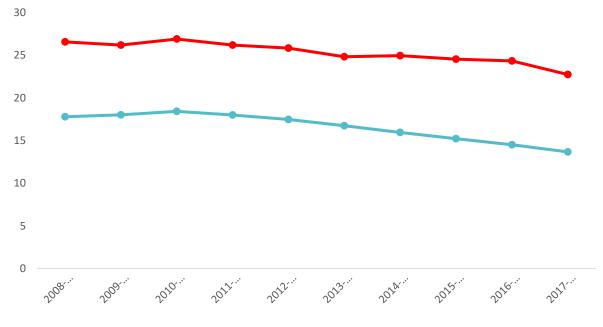
²³ St. Louis City and Jasper County were, respectively, the first and second highest counties in documented non-fatal opioid overdoses per capita.

²⁴ Rate is per 100 live births for whom the smoking status was known.

| Indicator | Data Year | Taney | Taney | Missouri | Significant |
|--|-----------|--------|--------|----------|-------------|
| | | County | County | Rate | Difference |
| | | Count | Rate | | |
| Care Began First Trimester | 2019 | 434 | 70.0 | 71.2 | No |
| Late Care (2 nd /3 rd Trimester) | 2019 | 175 | 28.2 | 26.4 | No |
| No Prenatal Care | 2019 | 11 | 1.8 | 2.4 | No |
| Inadequate Prenatal Care – | 2019 | 125 | 20.3 | 21.1 | No |
| Missouri Index | | | | | |
| Inadequate Prenatal Care – | 2019 | 107 | 17.5 | 17.9 | No |
| Kotelchuck Index | | | | | |
| Prenatal Medicaid | 2019 | 393 | 62.8 | 38.6 | Yes, High |
| Participants | | | | | |
| Prenatal WIC Participants | 2019 | 342 | 55.3 | 33.9 | Yes, High |
| Prenatal Food Stamps | 2019 | 172 | 28.3 | 24.6 | No |
| Participants | | | | | |
| Weight Gain Less than 15 | 2015-2019 | 321 | 11.4 | 13.4 | Yes, Low |
| Pounds – Term Singleton | | | | | |
| Weight Gain Greater Than | 2015-2019 | 676 | 24.1 | 20.8 | Yes, High |
| or Equal To 45 Pounds = | | | | | |
| Term Singleton | | | | | |
| Gestational Diabetes | 2019 | 44 | 7.0 | 7.4 | No |
| Pre-Pregnancy Diabetes | 2019 | 3 | 0.5 | 1.1 | No |
| Mother Smoked During | 2019 | 128 | 20.5 | 12.8 | Yes, High |
| Pregnancy | | | | | |

Figure 34 – Taney County Maternal, Infant, and Child Health Indicators





(62).

Behavioral Risk Factors

Behavioral risk factors are behaviors that increase the likelihood of experiencing sickness or early death. It encompasses a range of behaviors from smoking and physical inactivity to getting insufficient sleep. **Figure 36** shows behavioral risk factor rates among adults in Taney County and Missouri. This figure shows that Taney County experiences higher rates of several behavioral risk factors than the state (63; 64; 65). **Figure 37** shows behavioral risk factor rates among Taney County Middle and High School Students. The most commonly used substances of Taney County students are electronic cigarettes and alcohol. **Figures 38** through **41** show behavioral risk factors in Taney County by census tract²⁵. Taney County shows higher rates of adult binge drinking in the South-Central portion of the County but higher rates of smoking and lower rates of physical activity and sleep for adults on the Eastern side of the County (66). Risky health behaviors can have an impact on chronic disease and life expectancy rates, which are explored further under the "Death, Illness, and Injury" portion of this report.

| ingure bo benational hisk ractors in thissoan and rancy county, 2015 | | | | |
|--|--------------|----------|--|--|
| Risk Factor | Taney County | Missouri | | |
| Adult Smoking ²⁶ | 23% | 20% | | |
| Physical Inactivity ²⁷ | 34% | 30% | | |
| Excessive Drinking ²⁸ | 17% | 19% | | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | |

Figure 36 - Behavioral Risk Factors in Missouri and Taney County, 2019

(63; 64; 65).

| | Taney County Students | Missouri Students |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Used Tobacco (cigarettes or | 3.0% | 3.2% |
| chew) | | |
| Used Electronic Cigarettes | 10.8% | 11.0% |
| Used Hookahs or Water Pipes | 2.0% | 1.1% |
| Used Alcohol | 8.5% | 14.9% |
| Used Marijuana | 6.8% | 7.5% |
| Used Inhalants | 0.7% | 0.8% |
| Used Prescriptions Not | 1.4% | 0.9% |
| Prescribed by Student's Doctor | | |
| Used "OTC" to get high | 1.0% | 0.7% |
| Used Synthetic Drugs | 0.7% | 1.0% |

Figure 37 - Percentage of Students Who Used Substances in the past 30 Days, 2022

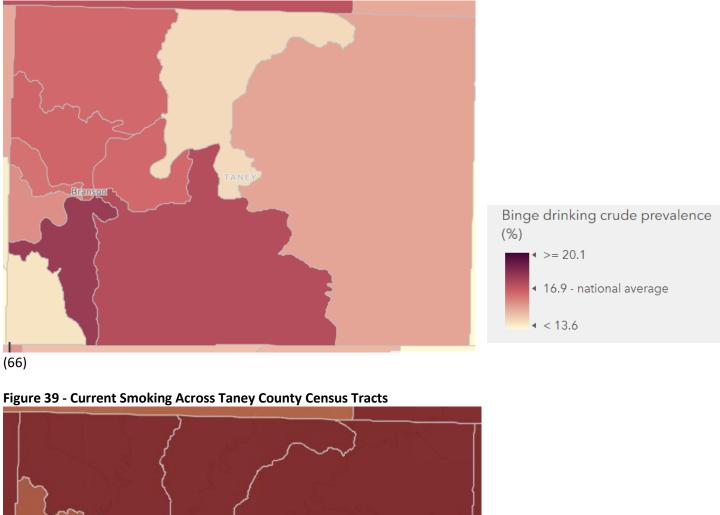
(67).

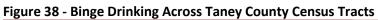
²⁵ Census tracts are sub-divisions of a county defined by the Census to show differences in data between parts of a community.

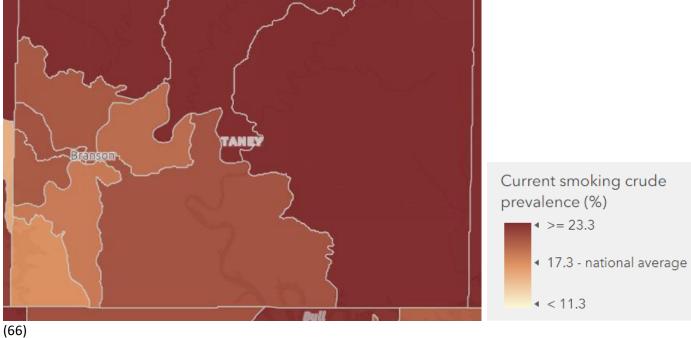
²⁶ Percentage of adults who are current smokers (age-adjusted).

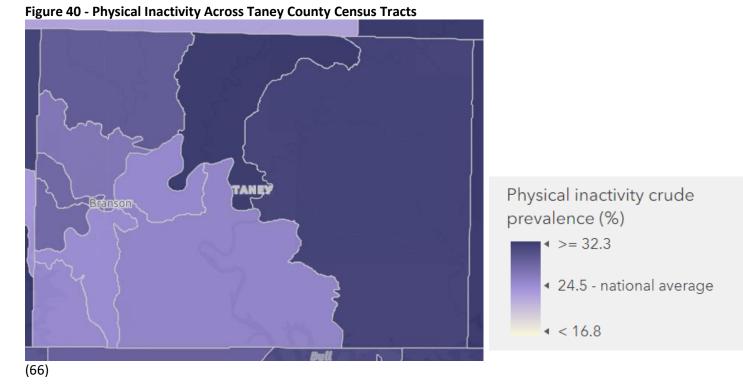
²⁷ Percentage of adults age 18 and over reporting no leisure-time physical activity (age-adjusted).

²⁸ Percentage of adults reporting binge or heavy drinking (age-adjusted).

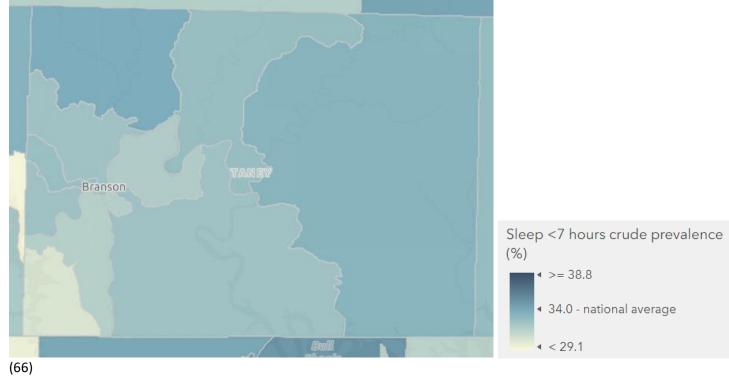












Quality of Life

In public health, quality of life information explores the extent to which people in a community feel healthy. One way to measure this is through the number of poor physical and mental health days people in a community report. An additional way to show the quality of life in a community is to see the percentage of adults who report "frequent distress," which is defined as 14 or more days of poor health per month. **Figure 42** shows Taney County residents' average number of poor health days in a 30-day period compared to Missouri residents in 2019. **Figure 43** shows the percentage of poor health days and percentage of respondents who cited poor or fair health in 2019.

| | Taney County | Missouri |
|---------------------------|--------------|----------|
| Poor Physical Health Days | 4.6 | 4.0 |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 5.1 | 4.9 |

| | | | _ | |
|-------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------------|------|
| Figure 42 - | Number of Poo | r Health Davs in | the Last 30 Days, | 2019 |
| I ISUIC TE | | i incuntin Duys in | i the East So Days, | 2015 |

| (68; | 69). | |
|------|------|--|
|------|------|--|

| Figure 43 - Quality | of Life Measure | s hy Percentage | of Population, 2019 |
|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| i igui e 45 - Qualit | y of Life wiedsure. | s by reitentage | 01 F 0 pulation, 2013 |

| | Taney County | Missouri |
|----------------------------|--------------|----------|
| Poor or Fair Health | 21% | 18% |
| Frequent Physical Distress | 15% | 12% |
| Frequent Mental Distress | 17% | 16% |

(70; 71; 72).

Diverging Health Experiences

The measures above help show how the average quality of life is for those in Taney County. This is useful information, but it is important to consider that there are diverse health experiences among different groups. When community partners were asked about quality of life, seven out of eight mentioned this contrast between populations. Partners explained the county offers access to a wide variety of amenities for its size. Alternatively, there are many under-resourced people who face housing insecurity, food insecurity, job insecurity, transportation concerns, and issues with healthcare access. As one community partner stated, "there's a stark contrast between the people having the time of their lives on the Ferris wheel and the people living in the woods behind it." Partners went on to mention that everyone deserves to be seen among the bright lights of Branson, but some go unseen and unheard (42).

Communicable Disease

Unlike chronic diseases such as diabetes, communicable diseases are illnesses that can be spread from one living being to another. Per Missouri state law, certain communicable diseases must be reported to a health agency when they are diagnosed. These reports may not include all cases because people with milder symptoms may recover without seeking medical treatment. **Figure 44** outlines 2021 communicable disease counts, excluding Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs) and COVID-19 cases.

| 104 | 0 |
|-----|--|
| 0 | |
| 0 | 4 |
| 1 | 0 |
| 2 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 |
| 2 | 0 |
| 4 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 |
| 65 | 0 |
| 2 | 0 |
| 13 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 |
| 6 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 |
| 2 | 0 |
| 204 | 5 |
| | 2 4 1 65 2 2 13 0 6 1 1 2 2 13 2 2 13 2 13 |

Figure 44 - Communicable Disease Counts for Taney County, 2021

(73).

Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs)

Figures 45, 46, and 47 show trends in chlamydia, gonorrhea, and syphilis. Rates of new cases in 2020 and 2021 are likely impacted by decreased testing during the COVID-19 pandemic. Despite this trend, new syphilis cases have continued to rise sharply since 2019 (74; 75; 73).

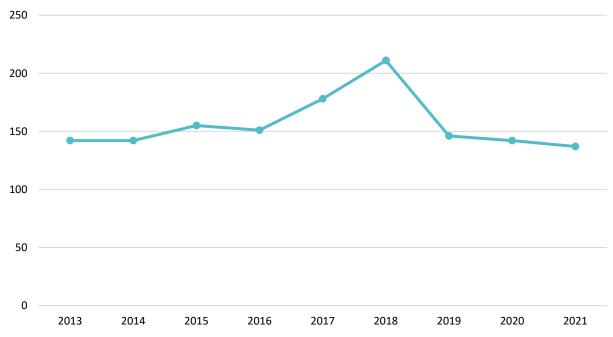
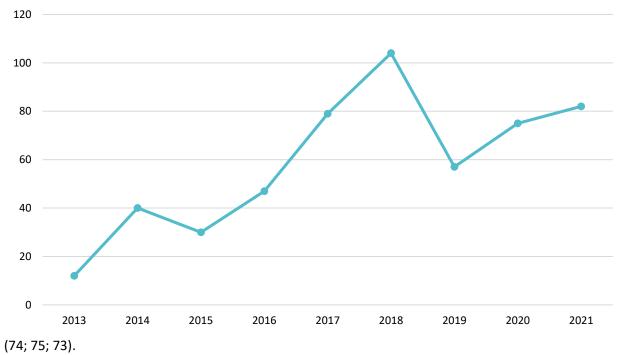
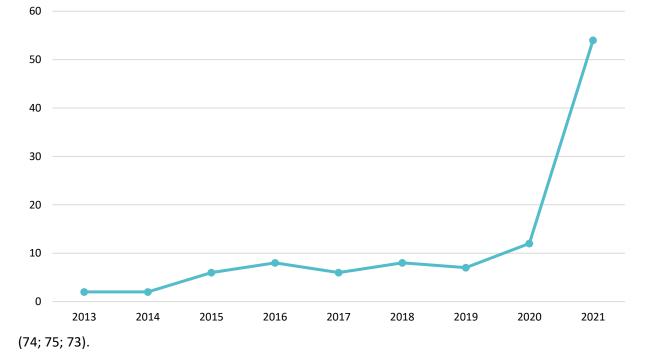


Figure 45 - New Chlamydia Diagnoses in Taney County Over Time



(74; 75; 73). Figure 46 - New Gonorrhea Diagnoses in Taney County Over Time

Figure 47 - New Syphilis Diagnoses in Taney County Over Time



COVID-19

The COVID-19 pandemic has had a significant impact on health globally, nationally, and locally. **Figure 48** shows COVID-19 confirmed and probable cases from 2020 and 2021. **Figure 49** shows COVID-19 confirmed deaths during the same time period. **Figure 50** shows the number of confirmed COVID-19 cases per month.

Figure 48 - COVID-19 Cases in Taney County

| | <i>, ,</i> | |
|------------------------------|------------|-------|
| Year | 2020 | 2021 |
| Confirmed and Probable Cases | 4,705 | 4,989 |
| (75, 72) | | |

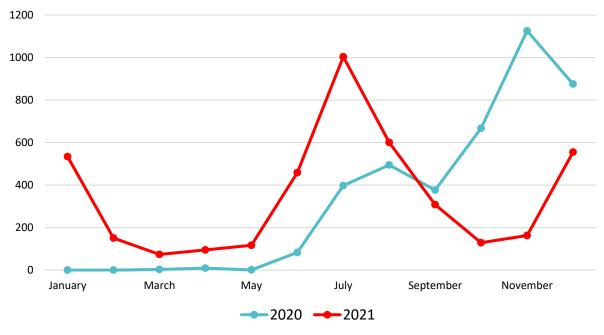
(75; 73).

Figure 49 - COVID-19 Deaths in Taney County

| Year | 2020 | 2021 |
|------------------|------|------|
| Confirmed Deaths | 75 | 94 |
| (| | |

(75; 73).

Figure 50 - COVID-19 Confirmed Cases



(75; 73).

Death, Illness, and Injury

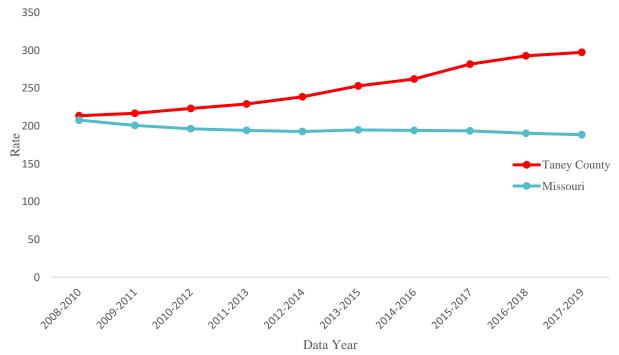
The leading causes of death are shown in **Figure 51.** Ten of the 12 leading causes of death are occurring at statistically lower or statistically similar rates to the state of Missouri. The rates of heart disease and liver disease are both statistically significantly higher in Taney County than in the state of Missouri (76). Taney County has higher heart disease rates than 100 of Missouri's 115 counties. **Figure 52** shows this in further detail. Heart disease rates in Taney County are rising while Missouri's rates stay nearly the same. (77).

| Cause of Death | Number of Deaths | Significantly Different from Missouri Rate |
|--|------------------|---|
| Heart Disease | 2,023 | Higher |
| Cancer | 1,332 | Lower |
| Chronic Lower Respiratory | 357 | Lower |
| Disease | | |
| Unintentional Injuries | 276 | Lower |
| Stroke/Other Cerebrovascular | 282 | Lower |
| Disease | | |
| Alzheimer's Disease | 195 | Lower |
| Kidney Disease | 120 | Lower |
| Pneumonia and Influenza | 117 | Not significantly different |
| Suicide | 104 | Not significantly different |
| Septicemia | 98 | Not significantly different |
| Diabetes Mellitus | 86 | Lower |
| Chronic Liver Disease and Cirrhosis | 85 | Higher |

Figure 51 - Leading Causes of Death in Taney County, 2009-2019

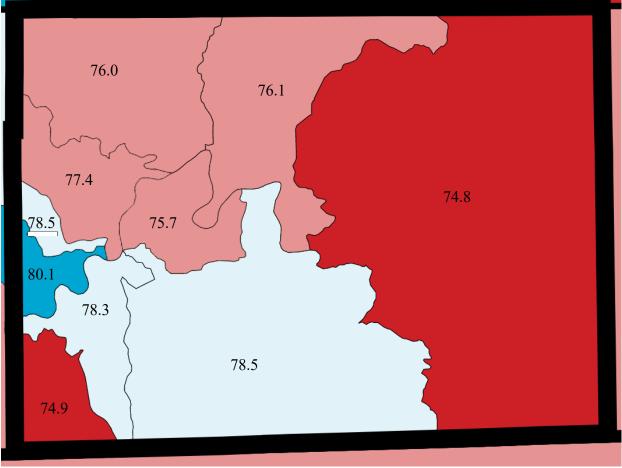
(76).

Figure 52 - Three Year Moving Average Rates of Heart Disease Deaths



(77).

Taney County's overall life expectancy is 77.3 years. This is slightly above the United States' average of 76.4 years and above Missouri's average of 76.6 years (78). Unfortunately, this life expectancy differs across the county. **Figure 53** shows life expectancy by census tract²⁹. As shown, life expectancy varies by as much as five years depending on the census tract (79).







Chronic diseases are conditions which last longer than one year and either limit daily life activities or require ongoing medical attention. Chronic conditions such as diabetes, heart disease, and cancer are the leading causes of death and disability in the United States (80). **Figure 54** shows rates of emergency room visits by chronic condition. As this figure shows, heart disease is the most common cause of chronic disease emergency room visits (81).

Separating Taney County by census tract displays that there are more chronic conditions on the Eastern side of Taney County. This mirrors the maps shown in **Figures 38 through 41**, which show that negative health behaviors are more frequent and life expectancy is lower on the Eastern side of the county. These

²⁹ Census tracts are sub-divisions of a county defined by the Census to show differences between parts of a community.

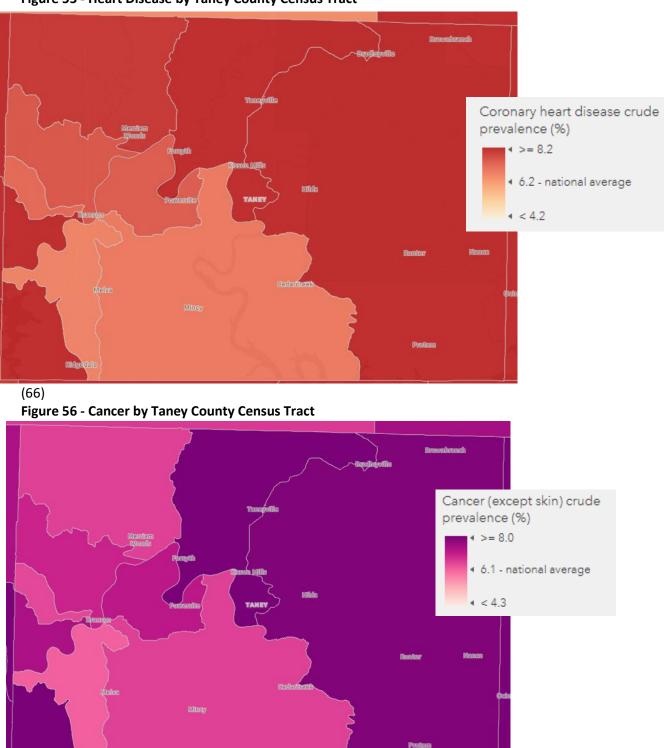
differences can be explained, in part, by aspects highlighted in the "Social Determinants of Health" section of this report. **Figures 55 through 58** show chronic condition prevalence by census tract.

| Chronic Diagnosis | Rate |
|--|-----------------|
| Alcohol and substance-related mental disorders | 6.2 |
| Asthma | 3.0 |
| Atherosclerosis | 0.1 |
| Cerebrovascular disease | x ³⁰ |
| Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease and bronchiectasis | 9.7 |
| Chronic renal failure | 0.0 |
| Diabetes | 2.0 |
| Diseases of the heart | 17.8 |
| Epilepsy- convulsions | 4.0 |
| Hypertension | 2.3 |
| Liver disease | 0.3 |
| Neoplasms – malignant (cancer) | Х |
| Non-traumatic joint disorders | 6.4 |
| Other cardiovascular/circulatory conditions | 2.2 |
| Sickle cell anemia | Х |
| Total for selection | 55.2 |

Figure 54 - Rate Per 100,000 Chronic Disease Emergency Room Visits in Taney County, 2005-2015

(81).

 30 An "x" indicates that this number cannot be revealed due to a confidentiality rule.







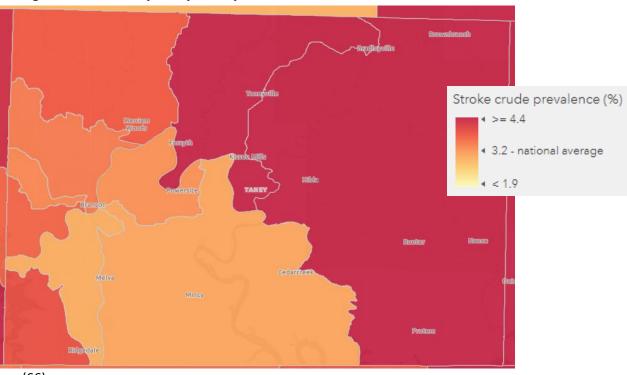
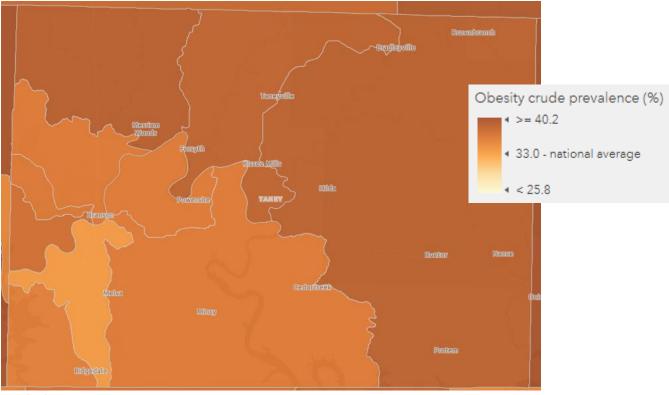


Figure 57 - Strokes by Taney County Census Tracts

(66)





(66)

Injuries can result in lifelong impacts for the people who experience them. They can result in mental health concerns, lost productivity, and costs to the healthcare system (82). In Taney County, the most common causes of injury are falls and jumps, being struck by or against something, and motor vehicle and traffic incidents (83). Figure 59 shows the rates of injuries from 2005-2015.

| Mechanism of Injury | Rate |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| Abuse/Neglect/Rape | x ³¹ |
| All Other | 1,692.7 |
| Cut/Pierce | 720.8 |
| Drowning | 5.5 |
| Drugs/Alch/Poison | 0.0 |
| Fall/Jump | 3,168.1 |
| Fire/Burn | 203.7 |
| Firearm | 15.7 |
| Foreign Body | 0.0 |
| Hot Object/Substance | 0.0 |
| Machinery | х |
| Medical Misadventure | 0.0 |
| Motor Vehicle – Non-Traffic | 259.3 |
| Motor Vehicle Traffic | 1,224.3 |
| Natural / Environmental | 0.0 |
| Other Land Transport | 0.0 |
| Other Transport | 20.0 |
| Over Exertion | 1,065.5 |
| Poison/Overdose | 398.4 |
| Struck By/Against | 1,592.4 |
| Suffocate/Hang | Х |
| Unknown | 75.9 |
| Weather/Wildlife | 550.7 |
| Total for selection | 11,054.6 |

Figure 59 - Rate Per 100,000 of Injuries in Taney County, 2005-2015

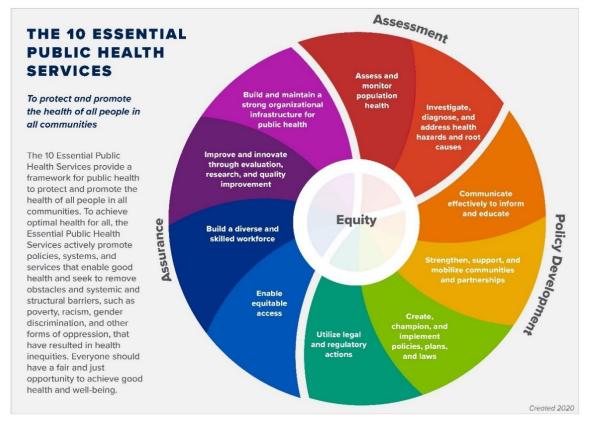
(83).

Local Public Health Systems Assessment (LPHSA)

The 10 Essential Public Health Services is a model created to describe the actions a public health system should undertake. Ideally, a public health system provides all ten of these essential services well. These services are described in further detail in Figure 60 below.

³¹ An "x" indicates that this number cannot be revealed due to a confidentiality rule.





(84).

The Local Public Health System Assessment (LPHSA) measures community performance on each essential public health service. It does this by asking dozens of questions about public health services in the community. The LPHSA is conducted in two phases. The first phase asks community partners how well the local public health system is working. The second phase asks Taney County Health Department employees how well the system is working. Answers include "no activity," "minimal activity," "moderate activity," "significant activity," and "optimal activity." These answers are associated with scores of 0, 25, 50, 75, and 100, respectively. Below are the average ratings provided by community partners and TCHD in 2022. Community partners rated essential service 3, Educate and Empower the highest and rated essential service 9, Evaluate Services the lowest, indicating a need to better evaluate services throughout the community. TCHD employees rated essential service 7, Link to Health Services, highest and essential service 6, Enforce Laws, the lowest.

| Service | Scores Provided by Community Partners | Scores Provided by TCHD Employees |
|------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| 1 Monitor Health Status | 62.3 | 73.5 |
| 2 Diagnose and Investigate | 70.6 | 77.8 |
| 3 Educate and Empower | 72.2 | 75.7 |
| 4 Mobilize Partnerships | 65.3 | 75.3 |
| 5 Develop Policies and Plans | 68.5 | 69.8 |
| 6 Enforce Laws | 70.6 | 63.2 |

| Figure 61 - Local Public Health Sys | stem Assessment Scores |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| inguic of Eocari abile fications | |

| 7 Link to Health Services | 64.1 | 80.5 |
|-----------------------------|------|------|
| 8 Assure Workforce | 66.9 | 71.1 |
| 9 Evaluate Services | 59.6 | 71.8 |
| 10 Research and Innovations | 68.9 | 65.3 |
| Average | 66.9 | 72.4 |

(85)

Community Assets

During the CHA, data were collected about the assets available in Taney County. This helps to pair existing resources with identified problems. Substantial amounts of information were collected. This included hundreds of open-ended answers to the Taney County Community Health Survey, interviews with partners, and group discussions. A deeper analysis was completed for assets pertaining to the three health priorities—mental health, substance use, and obtainable housing. The findings from general asset mapping and priority-specific asset mapping are explored here (40; 41; 86; 2; 87; 19; 42; 85).

Most of the assets identified fell into four groups – Taney County's people, Taney County's culture and values, Taney County's environment, and Taney County organizations. **Figure 62** is a word cloud which shows the most commonly used words in response to questions for community members.

Community health survey respondents were asked "what makes you proud of our community?" The most common answer was "people." More than one-quarter of community health survey respondents identified Taney County people as caring, compassionate, friendly, generous, helpful, full of heart, kind, loving, nice, selfless, supportive, or welcoming. One survey respondent stated that "there are people here that spend every ounce of their being to try to make life better for people that no one else cares about" (19). Respondents noted a sense that residents look out for each other and volunteer to improve the community (19). Similarly, partner interviews described the vast potential among the people to help the community. Partners cited the regionally noted skill-level of several community members, the generosity of local community members, a willingness to band together during times of trouble, the importance of relationships within the community, a significant number of people who are willing to volunteer, the large proportion of retired community members, and the generosity and kind nature of those in the community (19; 42).

Figure 62 - Community Health Survey Response Word Cloud to "What makes you proud of our community?"

tourist clean tourism living strong oriented feel small cares hospital welcoming patriotism veterans coming work lots tourists seeing carino area branson trying local new really improve one want Ve cleanliness god natural christia city helping police service peauty ^{leadership} nothina toqether history working iob safe overall happy opportunities faith great support see things nice lakes loving keep familv visitors beautiful volunteer fo **ers**hased values care willing health atmosphere organizations believe hard nature homeless

(19).

Culture and values were also common themes when asked, "what makes you proud of our community?" Around 30% of survey respondents chose at least one of thirteen values. These values paint the picture of a community which is proud of its religious faith; its patriotism and respect of veterans; its family-friendly and family-oriented atmosphere; its relationships, connections, teamwork, integrity, and its ability to rally during crisis; its strength, resiliency, and adaptability; and its ability to accomplish local work through a small government. The community responses also showed a cultural desire to work hard to make the community the best it can be (19). Community partners also noted the importance of the community's aims at collaboration and the desire to make the community a better place to live (42). Group discussions revealed that the culture is community-minded, scrappy, and willing to fight to improve its current situation (40). The Substance Use Community Health Improvement Plan group described a changing culture within employers to support those in active recovery (87).

As a smaller community that serves many tourists, Taney County has many of the positive aspects of both a small and large community. Community members and partners alike mentioned the scale of local schools, emergency services, healthcare resources, and lighter traffic conditions available for the population. Community members and partners mentioned the beautiful natural resources and local amenities including fun activities, healthy food, and shopping availability. Community members and partners also appreciated the areas of the community that are kept clean, that the community is often quiet and peaceful, and a feeling of safety (19; 42; 40; 85). Another common theme was pride in the community's tourism, local growth, and the economy. As one respondent stated, "I'm proud that when people need a break from life and need a fun vacation, our community gets to help make that happen" (19). **Figure 62** shows environmental assets that are valued in the community among respondents. (19; 42; 40; 85).

| | Partner | Partner | Kickoff Group | Community Health |
|---|------------|---------|---------------|------------------|
| | Interviews | Survey | Discussion | Survey |
| Small Town Feel with Larger Town Amenities | x | | x | x |
| Schools | Х | X | Х | X |
| Emergency Services | Х | | | X |
| Healthcare | Х | Х | Х | X |
| Fun Activities | | | | X |
| Natural Resources | | | Х | X |
| Food | | | | X |
| Shopping | | | | X |
| Cleanliness | | | | X |
| Quiet, Peaceful, or Scenic | | | Х | X |
| Safety | | X | | X |
| Tourism | | | Х | X |
| Traffic Conditions | | | Х | X |
| Economy | | | Х | X |
| Growth | | | X | X |

Figure 62 - Environmental Assets Identified by Information Collection Method

(19; 42; 40; 85).

Finally, both community members and community partners admired the number of organizations which provide services to people in need (19; 42). Taney County has 338 registered tax-exempt organizations (88). Of the community respondents who answered the question, "What makes you proud of our community?" 13.2% mentioned either specific organizations or the large number of organizations in the area (19). Organizations were also frequently identified during all three Community Health Improvement Plan Meetings, partner interviews, partner surveys, and group discussions (19; 42; 40; 85; 41; 86; 2; 87). The types of organizations commonly identified include:

- healthcare facilities
- substance use treatment organizations
- religious organizations
- food pantries
- organizations that help housing unstable individuals
- organizations which support older Americans
- local businesses
- transportation services
- resource-sharing entities
- translation services
- collaborative organizations
- coalitions
- support groups
- youth serving organizations

Conclusion

The Community Health Assessment process is one that is undertaken by the whole community. The 2022 Community Health Assessment was completed with the help of numerous partners and community members who provided discussion, feedback, and direction for the process. After completing the four MAPP assessments, community organizations chose three priorities for community improvement – Housing, Substance Use, and Mental Health. Community workgroups in each priority area are working on the Community Health Improvement Plan – a document that establishes goals and objectives for each of the identified priorities. The goal of these action plans is to provide direction to the community and the Taney County Health Department on improving health in the three identified areas. In three years, a subsequent Community Health Assessment will be conducted, with the hopes that measurable progress is made in the community.

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Appendix A – Data Collection

TCHD utilized five data collection methods throughout the MAPP process: a community health survey, partner surveys, partner interviews, multiple group discussions with community organizations, and secondary analysis of existing data. This section provides additional details on data collection methods.

The community health survey consisted of 31 questions which were chosen based on TCHD's historical use of questions, suggested health surveys from NACCHO, and surveys which ask patients about SDoH. Surveys were available online and on paper in both English and Spanish. Spanish and English advertisements provided a QR code for the survey, a link for the survey, and a phone number for the Community Development Specialist. Advertisements included a month-long billboard run; flyers in laundromats, activity centers, coffee shops, government offices, and local non-profits; a social media campaign lead by TCHD and shared by community organizations; presentations to local groups; advertisements in local listservs, including all three community chambers; advertisements in local employment newsletters; the distribution of informational cards to those receiving meals from Elevate Branson; and partners handing out paper surveys at the Boys and Girls Clubs, Elevate Branson, Christian Action Ministries, and House of Hope. There were 769 total responses to this survey.

Partner interviews consisted of eight open-ended questions which were chosen based on MAPP handbook guidance. TCHD interviewed eight partners from various non-profit organizations representing underprivileged groups, healthcare organizations, government organizations, and a school. These data were analyzed across the questions for themes.

Two partner surveys were conducted. The first consisted of eight open-ended questions for partners who were unable to join the 2022 Taney County CHA Kickoff. Three community organizations completed this survey. These data were analyzed in conjunction with group discussion data. The second partner survey consisted of 108 multiple-choice questions about the performance of the Local Public Health System. This survey was answered by nine community organizations and 5 TCHD employees, resulting in the LPHSA section of this report.

TCHD led group discussions at multiple meetings throughout the CHA process, five of which are included in this report. At the 2022 CHA Kickoff meeting, attendees were asked three open-ended questions, were given time to write their responses, and then asked to share their thoughts with the group. This spurred conversation on multiple topics. Answers to these questions were collected and analyzed alongside notes of the group discussion. At the 2022 Health Prioritization meeting, TCHD asked a series of prompting questions to begin group discussion. Attendees were then asked to write down their top four choices for health priorities in order of preference. Discussion notes and votes were analyzed from this meeting. One group discussion meeting was held for each of three priorities selected by the group. Attendees were asked to conduct a gaps analysis through describing what assets already existed in the community, what assets would be useful to have in the future, and how to obtain them. Discussion notes from this meeting were analyzed.

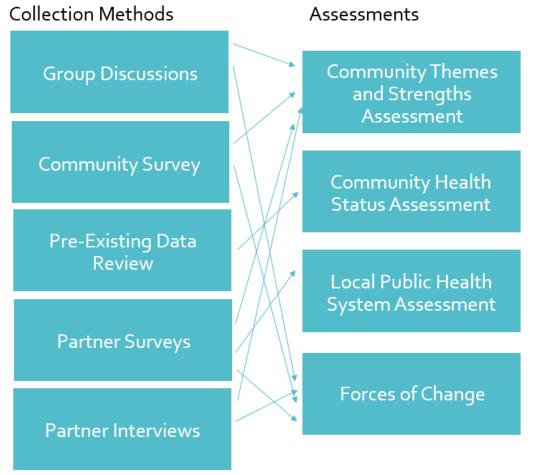
Pre-existing data were collected under the twelve categories of data outlined by the MAPP handbook (1). These categories include demographic characteristics; socioeconomic characteristics; social determinants of health inequity; health resource availability; quality of life; behavioral risk factors; environmental health indicators; social and mental health; maternal and child health; death, illness, and injury; infectious disease; and sentinel events.

Figure 64 - The Four MAPP Assessments

| Assessment Name | Questions Answered | |
|------------------------------------|---|--|
| Community Health Status Assessment | What health conditions exist in the community? | |
| Community Themes and Strengths | Why do health conditions exist? | |
| Assessment | What assets are available in the community? | |
| | What is the quality of life in the community? | |
| Local Public Health System | What system weaknesses must be improved? | |
| Assessment | What system strengths can be used? | |
| | What short-term or long-term system performance | |
| | opportunities are there? | |
| Forces of Change Assessment | What forces affect how to take action? | |

(1).

Figure 65 - Five Collection Methods Feed into Four Assessments



Appendix B – Data

Taney County and Missouri Population Data Over Time

| Geography | 2000 | 2020 |
|--------------|-----------|-----------|
| Taney County | 39,703 | 56,066 |
| Missouri | 5,595,211 | 6,154,913 |

(6; 5).

Race in Taney County, 2020

| Race | Population |
|--|------------|
| Total: | 56,066 |
| Population of one race: | 51,800 |
| White alone | 47,719 |
| Black or African American alone | 851 |
| American Indian and Alaska Native alone | 487 |
| Asian alone | 617 |
| Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone | 197 |
| Some Other Race alone | 1,929 |
| Population of two or more races: | 4,266 |
| Population of two races: | 4,057 |
| White; Black or African American | 328 |
| White; American Indian and Alaska Native | 1,773 |
| White; Asian | 269 |
| White; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander | 44 |
| White; Some Other Race | 1,489 |
| Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native | 17 |
| Black or African American; Asian | 34 |
| Black or African American; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander | 7 |
| Black or African American; Some Other Race | 42 |
| American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian | 2 |
| American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander | 0 |
| American Indian and Alaska Native; Some Other Race | 35 |
| Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander | 10 |
| Asian; Some Other Race | 7 |
| Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some Other Race | 0 |
| Population of three races: | 201 |
| White; Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native | 48 |
| White; Black or African American; Asian | 16 |
| White; Black or African American; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander | 1 |
| White; Black or African American; Some Other Race | 8 |
| White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian | 27 |
| White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander | 17 |
| White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Some Other Race | 56 |
| | 26 |
| White; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander | 20 |

| White; Asian; Some Other Race | 2 |
|---|---|
| White; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some Other Race | 0 |
| Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian | 0 |
| Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander | 0 |
| Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native; Some Other Race | 0 |
| Black or African American; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander | 0 |
| Black or African American; Asian; Some Other Race | 0 |
| Black or African American; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some Other Race | 0 |
| American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander | 0 |
| American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Some Other Race | 0 |
| American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some Other Race | 0 |
| Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some Other Race | 0 |
| Population of four races: | 8 |
| White; Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian | 1 |
| White; Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander | 1 |
| White; Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native; Some Other Race | 2 |
| White; Black or African American; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander | 0 |
| White; Black or African American; Asian; Some Other Race | 0 |
| White; Black or African American; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some Other Race | 0 |
| White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander | 4 |
| White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Some Other Race | 0 |
| White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some Other Race | 0 |
| White; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some Other Race | 0 |
| Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander | 0 |
| Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Some Other Race | 0 |
| Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some Other Race | 0 |
| Black or African American; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some Other Race | 0 |
| American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some Other Race | 0 |
| Population of five races: | 0 |
| White; Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander | 0 |

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(12)

Ethnicity in Taney County, 2020

| Ethnicity | Missouri Population | Taney County Population |
|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Total: | 6,154,913 | 56,066 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 303,068 | 4,329 |
| Not Hispanic or Latino | 5,851,845 | 51,737 |
| (4.2) | | |

(13)

Languages Spoken in Taney County, 2021

| Language | Population Estimate |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Population 5 years and over | 52,789 |
| Speak only English | 49,857 |
| Speak a language other than English | 2,932 |
| Spanish | 2,099 |
| 5 to 17 years old | 437 |
| 18 to 64 years old | 1,471 |
| 65 years old and over | 191 |
| Other Indo-European languages | 526 |
| 5 to 17 years old | 10 |
| 18 to 64 years old | 456 |
| 65 years old and over | 60 |
| Asian and Pacific Island languages | 238 |
| 5 to 17 years old | 28 |
| 18 to 64 years old | 168 |
| 65 years old and over | 42 |
| Other languages | 69 |
| 5 to 17 years old | 36 |
| 18 to 64 years old | 33 |
| 65 years old and over | 0 |

(14)

Median Age in Taney County and Missouri, 2020

| Geography | Median Age |
|--------------|------------|
| Missouri | 38.7 |
| Taney County | 43.2 |
| (7) | |

(7)

Veteran Status in Taney County, 2020

| Veteran Status | Estimate |
|----------------|----------|
| Total: | 43,837 |
| Veteran | 4,444 |
| Nonveteran | 39,393 |

(8)

| Age, Sex, Disability Status | Missouri Estimate | Taney County Estimate |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Total: | 6,011,968 | 55,108 |
| Male: | 2,929,547 | 26,197 |
| Under 5 years: | 190,173 | 1,479 |
| With a disability | 1,179 | 24 |
| No disability | 188,994 | 1,455 |
| 5 to 17 years: | 513,030 | 4,367 |
| With a disability | 38,494 | 495 |
| No disability | 474,536 | 3,872 |
| 18 to 34 years: | 670,686 | 5,592 |
| With a disability | 53,538 | 739 |
| No disability | 617,148 | 4,853 |
| 35 to 64 years: | 1,113,030 | 9,374 |
| With a disability | 166,780 | 1,700 |
| No disability | 946,250 | 7,674 |
| 65 to 74 years: | 272,602 | 3,160 |
| With a disability | 80,107 | 976 |
| No disability | 192,495 | 2,184 |
| 75 years and over: | 170,026 | 2,225 |
| With a disability | 82,523 | 1,204 |
| No disability | 87,503 | 1,021 |
| Female: | 3,082,421 | 28,911 |
| Under 5 years: | 180,854 | 1,546 |
| With a disability | 995 | 0 |
| No disability | 179,859 | 1,546 |
| 5 to 17 years: | 490,746 | 4,300 |
| With a disability | 23,561 | 224 |
| No disability | 467,185 | 4,076 |
| 18 to 34 years: | 680,364 | 5,827 |
| With a disability | 45,779 | 415 |
| No disability | 634,585 | 5,412 |
| 35 to 64 years: | 1,176,787 | 10,806 |
| With a disability | 179,842 | 1,717 |
| No disability | 996,945 | 9,089 |
| 65 to 74 years: | 313,898 | 3,828 |
| With a disability | 78,473 | 873 |
| No disability | 235,425 | 2,955 |
| 75 years and over: | 239,772 | 2,604 |
| With a disability | 113,768 | 1,099 |
| No disability | 126,004 | 1,505 |

Disability Status of Non-Institutionalized Population, 2020

(9)

| Urban or Rural | Taney County, Missouri | |
|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Total: | 51,675 | |
| Urban: | 29,010 | |
| Inside urbanized areas | 0 | |
| Inside urban clusters | 29,010 | |
| Rural | 22,665 | |

Taney County Residents Living in Rural and Urban Areas, 2010

(10)

Age in Taney County, 2020

| Age | Estimate |
|-------------------|----------|
| Total population | 55,563 |
| Under 5 years | 3,025 |
| 5 to 9 years | 3,264 |
| 10 to 14 years | 3,391 |
| 15 to 19 years | 3,524 |
| 20 to 24 years | 3,646 |
| 25 to 29 years | 3,537 |
| 30 to 34 years | 2,796 |
| 35 to 39 years | 2,477 |
| 40 to 44 years | 3,395 |
| 45 to 49 years | 3,335 |
| 50 to 54 years | 3,597 |
| 55 to 59 years | 4,021 |
| 60 to 64 years | 3,482 |
| 65 to 69 years | 3,632 |
| 70 to 74 years | 3,419 |
| 75 to 79 years | 2,187 |
| 80 to 84 years | 1,498 |
| 85 years and over | 1,337 |

(7)

Income in Taney County, 2020

| Income | Estimate |
|------------------------|----------|
| Total | 22,390 |
| Less than \$10,000 | 5.1% |
| \$10,000 to \$14,999 | 6.7% |
| \$15,000 to \$24,999 | 11.8% |
| \$25,000 to \$34,999 | 12.2% |
| \$35,000 to \$49,999 | 16.4% |
| \$50,000 to \$74,999 | 21.2% |
| \$75,000 to \$99,999 | 12.5% |
| \$100,000 to \$149,999 | 9.6% |
| \$150,000 to \$199,999 | 1.8% |
| \$200,000 or more | 2.8% |
| (10) | |

| ZIP Code | Median Income | |
|----------------------|---------------|--|
| 65608 | \$44,892 | |
| 65611 | \$43,618 | |
| 65614 | \$50,938 | |
| 65616 | \$50,259 | |
| 65627 | \$49,750 | |
| 65653 | \$37,757 | |
| 65672 | \$51,429 | |
| 65679 | \$42,583 | |
| 65680 | \$36,475 | |
| 65726 | N/A | |
| 65731 | \$48,942 | |
| 65733 | \$28,684 | |
| 65737 | \$51,250 | |
| 65739 | \$53,611 | |
| 65740 | \$38,528 | |
| 65744 | \$53,125 | |
| 65759 | \$44,583 | |
| 65761 | \$22,917 | |
| 65771 | \$75,018 | |
| 72644 | \$36,268 | |
| Taney County Overall | \$47,860 | |
| Missouri Overall | \$57,290 | |

Median Income by Taney County ZIP Code, 2020

Unemployment Rate in Taney County, 2019

| Month | Unemployment Rate |
|----------------|-------------------|
| December 2019 | 4.2% |
| November 2019 | 3.3% |
| October 2019 | 2.8% |
| September 2019 | 2.6% |
| August 2019 | 3.7% |
| July 2019 | 3.6% |
| June 2019 | 4.6% |
| May 2019 | 3.7% |
| April 2019 | 4% |
| March 2019 | 7% |
| February 2019 | 12.4% |
| January 2019 | 12.2% |
| (20) | |

(20)

Community Health Survey, "In the past month, were you NOT able to pay for any of the following? (Choose all that are true)." N = 588

| Answer Choices | Number of Respondents |
|--|-----------------------|
| I was able to pay for all of these | 402 |
| Medicine, medical expenses, or copays | 86 |
| Food | 76 |
| Basic household or personal items such as cleaning supplies, shampoo | 70 |
| and conditioner, or diapers | |
| Rent or mortgage | 48 |
| Utilities such as water, sewer, trash | 48 |
| Transportation | 36 |
| Internet | 36 |
| Phone or phone service | 34 |
| Other | 33 |
| Childcare or daycare | 10 |

(19)

Community Health Survey, "Which, if any, are reasons you have trouble getting enough food to eat? (Choose all that are true)." N = 605

| Answer Choices | Number of Respondents |
|---|-----------------------|
| I have enough food to eat | 471 |
| Unable to afford food | 119 |
| Unreliable transportation | 22 |
| Lack of safe storage options | 22 |
| Other | 18 |
| Do not have the tools to cook (such as stove, microwave, or kitchen utensils) | 10 |
| Lack of childcare | 4 |

(19)

Community Health Survey, "Which, if any, are reasons you have trouble eating healthy? (Choose all that are true)." N = 601

| Answer Choices | Number of Respondents |
|--|-----------------------|
| I do not have trouble eating healthy | 303 |
| I am unable to pay for healthy food | 135 |
| Unhealthy eating habits (including emotional | 134 |
| eating, portion size, peer pressure) | |
| Time to make healthy meals | 106 |
| Lack of stores or markets within reasonable | 49 |
| distance that sell healthy and affordable food | |
| I do not know how to cook healthy meals on a | 47 |
| budget | |
| I need help planning a healthy meal | 44 |
| I need nutritional education | 29 |
| Other | 16 |
| Lack of safe storage options | 14 |
| (19) | |

Educational Attainment in Taney County and Missouri, 2021

| Educational Attainment | Missouri Estimate | Taney County Estimate |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Total: | 4,226,634 | 39,211 |
| Less than 9th grade | 107,977 | 1,944 |
| 9th to 12th grade, no diploma | 247,408 | 2,755 |
| High school graduate (includes | 1,303,894 | 11,605 |
| equivalency) | | |
| Some college, no degree | 875,875 | 10,219 |
| Associate degree | 350,837 | 2,430 |
| Bachelor's degree | 823,215 | 7,894 |
| Graduate or professional degree | 517,428 | 2,364 |

(32)

| ZIP Code | ZIP Code Population | Number Without High School Diploma |
|--------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 65608 | 6,439 | 1,214 |
| 65611 | 1,648 | 177 |
| 65614 | 398 | 40 |
| 65616 | 18,823 | 1,955 |
| 65627 | 324 | 60 |
| 65653 | 4,604 | 558 |
| 65672 | 5,927 | 659 |
| 65679 | 1,692 | 131 |
| 65680 | 970 | 177 |
| 65731 | 432 | 24 |
| 65733 | 687 | 121 |
| 65737 | 6,582 | 1,148 |
| 65739 | 800 | 113 |
| 65740 | 2,138 | 330 |
| 65744 | 67 | 6 |
| 65759 | 926 | 150 |
| 65761 | 900 | 133 |
| 65771 | 992 | 56 |
| 72644 | 1,925 | 192 |
| Taney County | 37,622 | 4,252 |
| Missouri | 4,124,838 | 430,529 |

Residents Without a High School Diploma by Taney County ZIP code, 2018

(33)

Healthcare Provider to Population Ratios

| Indicator | Taney County | Missouri |
|------------------------------------|--------------|----------|
| Primary Care Physicians, 2019 | 1:1,330 | 1:1,400 |
| Other Primary Care Providers, 2021 | 1:900 | 1:890 |
| Mental Health Providers, 2021 | 1:1,220 | 1:460 |
| Dental Providers, 2020 | 1:2,810 | 1:1,650 |
| (24.25.26.27) | | |

(34; 35; 36; 37)

Community Health Survey, Number of Respondents Who Have Trouble Accessing Care by Income, 2022 N = 571

| Income | | Per | centage | e of Responde | nts who have t | rouble accessi | ng | |
|--|----------------|-----------------|-------------|----------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|-------|--|
| Per Year | Dental Care | Medical Care | Eye Care | Mental Healthcare | Medications | Substance Use Treatment | Other | We Do Not Struggle to Get Care |
| Less than \$10,000 | 18 | 12 | 13 | 11 | 10 | 3 | 5 | 10 |
| Between \$10,000 and \$14,999 | 31 | 20 | 18 | 15 | 23 | 2 | 3 | 17 |
| Between \$15,000 and \$24,999 | 48 | 19 | 28 | 15 | 21 | 5 | 4 | 18 |
| Between \$25,000 and \$34,999 | 40 | 25 | 26 | 15 | 21 | 3 | 7 | 24 |
| Between \$35,000 and \$49,999 | 20 | 10 | 9 | 13 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 47 |
| Between \$50,000 and \$74,999 | 19 | 17 | 6 | 18 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 52 |
| \$75,000 or More 19) | 18 | 15 | 10 | 24 | 8 | 3 | 13 | 117 |

⁽¹⁹⁾

Community Health Survey, "Are you worried about losing your housing in the next 6 months?" N = 618

| Answer | Number of Responses |
|--------|---------------------|
| Yes | 58 |
| No | 560 |

(19)

| Answer Choices | Number of Respondents |
|--|-----------------------|
| I do not have problems with the place I live | 382 |
| Bugs or pests | 109 |
| Mold | 71 |
| Concerns about crime | 50 |
| Too small of a space | 50 |
| Concerns about neighbors | 44 |
| Water leaks | 42 |
| Too expensive | 42 |
| Poor or no air conditioning | 33 |
| Poor or no heating | 32 |
| Other | 29 |
| Too run down | 26 |
| Broken or missing smoke alarms | 25 |
| Broken or missing oven or stove | 18 |
| Too far from things I need | 14 |
| Unable to access or pay for utilities such as water, sewer, or trash | 14 |
| Lead paint or pipes | 9 |

Community Health Survey, "Think about the place where you live. Do you have any problems with the following? (Choose all that are true)." N = 610

Housing Affordability, Branson

| Income | Number of | Affordable | Number | Affordable | Number | Total | Balance |
|--------------------|------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|---------|
| Range | Households | Range for | of | Range for | of | Affordable | |
| | | Owner Units | Owner Units | Renter Units | Renter Units | Units | |
| \$0- | 1,710 | \$0-50,000 | 166 | \$0-400 | 357 | 523 | -1,187 |
| \$25,000 | | | | | | | |
| \$25,000- | 1,773 | \$50,000- | 337 | \$400-800 | 2,414 | 2,751 | 978 |
| 49,999 | | 99,999 | | | | | |
| \$50 <i>,</i> 000- | 804 | \$100,000- | 376 | \$800-1250 | 326 | 702 | -102 |
| 74,999 | | 149,999 | | | | | |
| \$75,000- | 404 | \$150,000- | 418 | \$1,250- | 80 | 498 | 94 |
| 99,999 | | 199,999 | | 1,500 | | | |
| \$100,000- | 313 | \$200,000- | 345 | \$1,500- | 0 | 345 | 32 |
| 150,000 | | 300,000 | | 2,000 | | | |
| \$150,000+ | 156 | \$300,000+ | 285 | \$2,000+ | 56 | 341 | 185 |
| Total | 5,160 | | 1,927 | | 3,233 | 5,160 | 0 |
| Median | \$38,880 | \$157,800 | | \$625 | | | |

(39)

Housing Affordability, Forsyth

| Income | Number of | Affordable | Number | Affordable | Number | Total | Balance |
|--------------|------------|-------------|--------|------------|--------|------------|---------|
| Range | Households | Range for | of | Range for | of | Affordable | |
| | | Owner Units | Owner | Renter | Renter | Units | |
| | | | Units | Units | Units | | |
| \$0-\$25,000 | 287 | \$0-50,000 | 52 | \$0-400 | 86 | 138 | -149 |
| \$25,000- | 227 | \$50,000- | 116 | \$400-800 | 190 | 306 | 79 |
| 49,999 | | 99,999 | | | | | |
| \$50,000- | 202 | \$100,000- | 205 | \$800-1250 | 6 | 211 | 9 |
| 74,999 | | 149,999 | | | | | |
| \$75,000- | 72 | \$150,000- | 68 | \$1,250- | 0 | 68 | -4 |
| 99,999 | | 199,999 | | 1,500 | | | |
| \$100,000- | 49 | \$200,000- | 84 | \$1,500- | 23 | 107 | 58 |
| 150,000 | | 300,000 | | 2,000 | | | |
| \$150,000+ | 37 | \$300,000+ | 44 | \$2,000+ | 0 | 44 | 7 |
| Total | 874 | | 569 | | 305 | 874 | 0 |
| Median | \$36,360 | | | \$121,000 | | \$490 | |
| 39) | | • | | | | • | |

Housing Affordability, Hollister

| Income Range | Number of Households | Affordable Range for | Number of | Affordable Range for | Number of | Total Affordable | Balance |
|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|--------------|---------------------|---------|
| C | | Owner Units | Owner | Renter | Renter | Units | |
| | | | Units | Units | Units | | |
| \$0-\$25,000 | 623 | \$0-50,000 | 238 | \$0-400 | 243 | 481 | -142 |
| \$25,000- | 863 | \$50,000- | 178 | \$400-800 | 661 | 839 | -24 |
| 49,999 | | 99,999 | | | | | |
| \$50,000- | 149 | \$100,000- | 303 | \$800-1250 | 16 | 319 | 170 |
| 74,999 | | 149,999 | | | | | |
| \$75,000- | 96 | \$150,000- | 72 | \$1,250- | 0 | 72 | -24 |
| 99,999 | | 199,999 | | 1,500 | | | |
| \$100,000- | 174 | \$200,000- | 88 | \$1,500- | 0 | 88 | -86 |
| 150,000 | | 300,000 | | 2,000 | | | |
| \$150,000+ | 12 | \$300,000+ | 118 | \$2,000+ | 0 | 118 | 106 |
| Total | 1,917 | | 997 | | 920 | 1,917 | 0 |
| Median | \$29,616 | | | \$113,400 | | \$512 | |

(39)

Housing Affordability, Merriam Woods

| Income Range | Number of Households | Affordable Range for | Number of | Affordable Range for | Number of | Total Affordable | Balance |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------|
| C | | Owner Units | Owner Units | Renter Units | Renter Units | Units | |
| \$0-\$25,000 | 293 | \$0-50,000 | 144 | \$0-400 | 70 | 214 | -79 |
| \$25,000- 49,999 | 217 | \$50,000- 99,999 | 277 | \$400-800 | 141 | 418 | 201 |
| \$50,000- 74,999 | 113 | \$100,000- 149,999 | 28 | \$800-1250 | 5 | 33 | -80 |
| \$75,000- 99,999 | 49 | \$150,000- 199,999 | 18 | \$1,250- 1,500 | 0 | 18 | -31 |
| \$100,000- 150,000 | 9 | \$200,000- 300,000 | 0 | \$1,500- 2,000 | 0 | 0 | -9 |
| \$150,000+ | 4 | \$300,000+ | 2 | \$2,000+ | 0 | 2 | -2 |
| Total | 685 | | 469 | | 216 | 685 | 0 |
| Median | \$29,034 | | | | | \$475 | |
| (39) | | | | | | | |

Percentage of Household Income Dedicated to Housing and Utility Costs, 2015-2019

| Cost Burden | Number of Owner Households | Number of Renter Households | Total Number of Households |
|---------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <=30% | 10,975 | 5,450 | 16,425 |
| >30% to <=50% | 1,810 | 1,440 | 3,250 |
| >50% | 915 | 1,480 | 2,395 |
| not available | 30 | 170 | 200 |
| Total | 13,740 | 8,530 | 22,270 |

(43)

| ZIP Code | Total Population | Population With Internet Subscription |
|----------------------|------------------|--|
| 65608 | 3,201 | 2,231 |
| 65611 | 992 | 880 |
| 65614 | 193 | 140 |
| 65616 | 10,522 | 9,041 |
| 65627 | 320 | 267 |
| 65653 | 2,545 | 2,120 |
| 65672 | 3,491 | 3,097 |
| 65679 | 1,325 | 1,143 |
| 65680 | 455 | 358 |
| 65731 | 78 | 69 |
| 65733 | 274 | 199 |
| 65737 | 3,057 | 2,707 |
| 65739 | 384 | 329 |
| 65740 | 1,268 | 1,126 |
| 65744 | 24 | 9 |
| 65759 | 385 | 335 |
| 65761 | 531 | 370 |
| 65771 | 541 | 463 |
| 72644 | 1,028 | 960 |
| Taney County Overall | 21,249 | 18,236 |
| Missouri Overall | 2,433,819 | 2,077,498 |

Percentage of Taney County Households Without Internet Access by ZIP Code, 2021

Environmental Justice Index Ratings in Taney County, 2022

| Census Tract | Total Population | EJI Rank |
|--------------|------------------|----------|
| 4801.05 | 7664 | .67 |
| 4801.06 | 1780 | .52 |
| 4802.01 | 10899 | .81 |
| 4802.02 | 7055 | .71 |
| 4803.01 | 5083 | .42 |
| 4803.02 | 4370 | .43 |
| 4804.01 | 6172 | .77 |
| 4804.02 | 2200 | .69 |
| 4805.01 | 1910 | .37 |
| 4805.02 | 7981 | .76 |

(89)

Lead Testing Among Taney County and Missouri Children, 2018

| Indicator | Taney County Count | Taney County Rate | Missouri Rate |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| Lead Testing: Under Age 6 | 329 | 8.61 | 18.13 |
| Blood Lead Elevations>=10 ug/dL: Under Age | 0 | 0.00 | 0.11 |
| 6 Tested | | | |

(50).

Community Health Survey, "The People in My Life Support My Goals," 2022, N = 572

| Answer Choice | Household IncomeHousehold Incom\$24,999 or Less Per\$25,000-\$49,999 F | | Household Income \$50,000-\$74,999 Per | Household Income Greater Than | |
|------------------|--|--------|---|----------------------------------|--|
| | Year | Year | Year | \$74,999 | |
| Strongly | 4.29% | 1.47% | 1.18% | 0.64% | |
| Disagree | | | | | |
| Disagree | 0.71% | 2.21% | 2.35% | 0% | |
| Slightly | 5.71% | 1.47% | 1.18% | 0.64% | |
| Disagree | | | | | |
| Neutral | 20.71% | 9.56% | 4.71% | 0.64% | |
| Slightly | 8.57% | 8.09% | 4.71% | 3.18% | |
| Agree | | | | | |
| Agree | 27.41% | 32.35% | 27.06% | 22.29% | |
| Strongly | 32.86% | 44.85% | 58.82% | 72.61% | |
| Agree | | | | | |
| (19) | | | | | |

Community Health Survey, "I Feel Safe in My Relationships at Home," 2022

| | Household Income \$24,999 or Less Per | Household Income \$25,000-\$49,999 Per | Household Income \$50,000-\$74,999 Per | Household Income Greater Than |
|-------------------|--|---|---|----------------------------------|
| | Year | Year | Year | \$74,999 |
| Strongly | 2.13% | 1.45% | 0.00% | 0.63% |
| Disagree | | | | |
| Disagree | 1.42% | 0.72% | 1.19% | 0% |
| Slightly | 0.71% | 2.17% | 1.19% | 0.63% |
| Disagree | | | | |
| Neutral | 17.02% | 6.52% | 5.95% | 1.27% |
| Slightly | 9.22% | 3.62% | 0.00% | 0.63% |
| Agree | | | | |
| Agree | 29.08% | 29.71% | 19.05% | 15.19% |
| Strongly Agree | 40.43% | 55.80% | 72.62% | 81.65% |

(19)

| | Household Income \$24,999 or Less Per | Household Income \$25,000-\$49,999 Per | Household Income \$50,000-\$74,999 Per | Household Income Greater Than | |
|----------------------|--|---|---|----------------------------------|--|
| | Year | Year | Year | \$74,999 | |
| Strongly Disagree | 7.48% | 4.32% | 1.18% | 1.91% | |
| Disagree | 6.12% | 5.04% | 7.06% | 3.18% | |
| Slightly Disagree | 10.88% | 11.51% | 11.76% | 6.37% | |
| Neutral | 22.45% | 20.86% | 16.47% | 8.92% | |
| Slightly Agree | 17.69% | 16.55% | 11.76% | 17.20% | |
| Agree | 22.45% | 31.65% | 42.35% | 53.50% | |
| Strongly Agree | 12.93% | 10.07% | 9.41% | 8.92% | |
| 19) | | | | | |

Community Health Survey, "I Can Trust People in My Community," 2022

Taney County Domestic Violence Incidents Per Year

| Year | Domestic Violence Incidents | Population |
|------|-----------------------------|------------|
| 2010 | 638 | 51,675 |
| 2011 | 467 | 52,652 |
| 2012 | 495 | 52,901 |
| 2013 | 495 | 53,255 |
| 2014 | 559 | 53,810 |
| 2015 | 533 | 54,216 |
| 2016 | 577 | 54,608 |
| 2017 | 510 | 55,100 |
| 2018 | 553 | 55,719 |
| 2019 | 511 | 55,928 |
| 2020 | 523 | 56,058 |

(52; 56; 57)

Substantiated Child Abuse and Neglect Incidents in Taney County

| Fiscal Year | Incidents | Population |
|-------------|-----------|------------|
| FY 2013 | 43 | 53,255 |
| FY 2014 | 45 | 53,810 |
| FY 2015 | 42 | 54,216 |
| FY 2016 | 57 | 54,608 |
| FY 2017 | 71 | 55,100 |
| FY 2018 | 63 | 55,719 |
| FY 2019 | 59 | 55,928 |
| FY 2020 | 44 | 56,058 |
| FY 2021 | 59 | 56,334 |

(54; 55; 58; 59; 60; 61; 62; 63; 64; 57; 65)

| Disorder, Principal | Mental- Related, Secondary | Alcohol Disorder, Principal | Alcohol- Related, Secondary | Drug Disorder, Principal | Drug- Related, Secondary |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| Diagnosis | Diagnosis | Diagnosis | Diagnosis | Diagnosis | Diagnosis |
| 908 | 2849 | 382 | 585 | 266 | 907 |
| 1237 | 2492 | 436 | 522 | 357 | 761 |
| 836 | 1857 | 327 | 440 | 287 | 664 |
| - | Principal Diagnosis 908 1237 | Principal DiagnosisSecondary Diagnosis908284912372492 | Principal DiagnosisSecondary DiagnosisPrincipal Diagnosis908284938212372492436 | Principal DiagnosisSecondary DiagnosisPrincipal DiagnosisSecondary Diagnosis908284938258512372492436522 | Principal DiagnosisSecondary DiagnosisPrincipal DiagnosisSecondary DiagnosisPrincipal Diagnosis908284938258526612372492436522357 |

Mental Health, Alcohol, and Drug Hospitalizations in Taney County

(58).

Mental Health, Alcohol, and Drug Deaths in Taney County

| Year | Number of Suicides | Number of Alcohol-Induced Deaths | Number of Drug-Induced Deaths |
|------|--------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 2018 | 10 | 3 | 10 |
| 2019 | 8 | 3 | 11 |
| 2020 | 9 | 5 | 13 |

(58).

Community Health Survey, "Below we have listed different health problems. What do you think are the three (3) most important 'health problems' which need to be addressed in our community? Choose only three (3)." N = 614

| Health Problem | Number of Respondents |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Addiction | 355 |
| Housing | 211 |
| Aging Problems | 146 |
| Child Abuse/Neglect | 142 |
| Mental Health | 134 |
| Healthcare Access | 112 |
| Domestic Violence | 107 |
| Obesity | 89 |
| Dental Problems | 78 |
| Cancers | 71 |
| Diabetes | 70 |
| Transportation | 70 |
| Heart Problems | 64 |
| Food Access | 53 |
| Human Trafficking | 45 |
| Infectious Diseases | 34 |
| Disability | 34 |
| Suicide | 30 |
| Lung Disease | 26 |
| Rape/Sexual Assault | 22 |
| Other | 21 |
| Elder Abuse/Neglect | 20 |
| Sexually Transmitted Diseases | 9 |
| Teenage Pregnancy | 9 |
| (19) | |

| Answer Choice | Number of Respondents | | |
|--|-----------------------|--|--|
| We do not find it hard to get healthcare | 305 | | |
| Dental care | 208 | | |
| Medical care | 125 | | |
| Eye care | 119 | | |
| Mental healthcare | 118 | | |
| Medications | 102 | | |
| Other | 40 | | |
| Substance use treatment | 22 | | |

Community Health Survey, "Is it hard for you or your family to get any of the following? (Choose all that are true)." N = 612

(19)

Community Health Survey, "Below we have listed risky behaviors. What do you think are the three (3) most common 'risky behaviors' in our community? Choose only three (3)". N = 614

| Answer Choice | Number of Respondents |
|---|-----------------------|
| Alcohol or drug use | 514 |
| Criminal activity | 265 |
| Tobacco, e-cigarette, or vape use | 184 |
| Overeating or poor eating habits | 145 |
| Unhealthy relationships | 130 |
| Not managing disease (such as not following | 90 |
| doctor's orders or not taking medication as prescribed | |
| Not enough exercise | 85 |
| Poor stress management | 83 |
| Unsafe driving or not using a seat belt | 66 |
| Unsafe sex or sex without birth control | 61 |
| Dropping out of school | 59 |
| Not going to the doctor | 53 |
| Not sleeping enough | 53 |
| Other | 37 |
| Gambling | 16 |
| Not using child safety seats | 15 |

(19)

| Indicator | Data | Taney | Taney | Missouri | Significant |
|--|-------|--------|--------|----------|-------------|
| | Year | County | County | Rate | Difference |
| | | Count | Rate | | |
| Care Began First Trimester | 2019 | 434 | 70.0 | 71.2 | No |
| Late Care (2 nd /3 rd Trimester) | 2019 | 175 | 28.2 | 26.4 | No |
| No Prenatal Care | 2019 | 11 | 1.8 | 2.4 | No |
| Inadequate Prenatal Care – Missouri | 2019 | 125 | 20.3 | 21.1 | No |
| Index | | | | | |
| Inadequate Prenatal Care – Kotelchuck | 2019 | 107 | 17.5 | 17.9 | No |
| Index | | | | | |
| Prenatal Medicaid Participants | 2019 | 393 | 62.8 | 38.6 | Yes, High |
| Prenatal WIC Participants | 2019 | 342 | 55.3 | 33.9 | Yes, High |
| Prenatal Food Stamps Participants | 2019 | 172 | 28.3 | 24.6 | No |
| Weight Gain Less than 15 Pounds – | 2015- | 321 | 11.4 | 13.4 | Yes, Low |
| Term Singleton | 2019 | | | | |
| Weight Gain Greater Than or Equal To | 2015- | 676 | 24.1 | 20.8 | Yes, High |
| 45 Pounds = Term Singleton | 2019 | | | | |
| Gestational Diabetes | 2019 | 44 | 7.0 | 7.4 | No |
| Pre-Pregnancy Diabetes | 2019 | 3 | 0.5 | 1.1 | No |
| Mother Smoked During Pregnancy | 2019 | 128 | 20.5 | 12.8 | Yes, High |

Taney County Maternal, Infant, and Child Health Indicators

(61).

Mother Smoked During Pregnancy 3 Year Averages

| Year | Number of Taney County Pregnant People Who | Rate of Taney County Pregnant People Who | Rate of Missouri Pregnant People Who |
|-----------|---|---|---|
| | Smoked | Smoked | Smoked |
| 2008-2010 | 527 | 26.56 | 17.77 |
| 2009-2011 | 507 | 26.19 | 18.00 |
| 2010-2012 | 499 | 26.89 | 18.41 |
| 2011-2013 | 483 | 26.19 | 17.99 |
| 2012-2014 | 479 | 25.82 | 17.46 |
| 2013-2015 | 469 | 24.81 | 16.73 |
| 2014-2016 | 488 | 24.95 | 15.94 |
| 2015-2017 | 470 | 24.53 | 15.20 |
| 2016-2018 | 466 | 24.33 | 14.49 |
| 2017-2019 | 428 | 22.73 | 13.66 |

(62).

| Risk Factor | Taney County Percentage of Population | Missouri Percentage of Population | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Adult Smoking ³² | 23% | 20% | | |
| Physical Inactivity ³³ | 34% | 30% | | |
| Excessive Drinking ³⁴ | 17% | 19% | | |
| | | | | |

Behavioral Risk Factors in Missouri and Taney County, 2019

(63; 65; 64)

Percentage of Students Who Used Substances in the past 30 Days, 2022

| Substance Used | Taney County Students | Missouri Students |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Tobacco (cigarettes or chew) | 3.0% | 3.2% |
| Electronic Cigarettes | 10.8% | 11.0% |
| Hookahs or Water Pipes | 2.0% | 1.1% |
| Alcohol | 8.5% | 14.9% |
| Marijuana | 6.8% | 7.5% |
| Inhalants | 0.7% | 0.8% |
| Prescriptions Not Prescribed by Student's Doctor | 1.4% | 0.9% |
| "OTC" to get high | 1.0% | 0.7% |
| Synthetic Drugs | 0.7% | 1.0% |

(67).

Binge Drinking Across Taney County Census Tracts

| Census Tract Code | Census Tract Name | Estimated % Who Binge Drink |
|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| 29213480105 | 4801.05 | 15.9 |
| 29213480106 | 4801.06 | 16.5 |
| 29213480201 | 4802.01 | 16.8 |
| 29213480202 | 4802.02 | 16.7 |
| 29213480301 | 4803.01 | 16.7 |
| 29213480302 | 4803.02 | 17.5 |
| 29213480401 | 4804.01 | 14.3 |
| 29213480402 | 4804.02 | 15.4 |
| 29213480501 | 4805.01 | 14.1 |
| 29213480502 | 4805.02 | 18.1 |

(66)

³² Percentage of adults who are current smokers (age-adjusted).

³³ Percentage of adults age 18 and over reporting no leisure-time physical activity (age-adjusted).

³⁴ Percentage of adults reporting binge or heavy drinking (age-adjusted).

| Census Tract Code | Census Tract Name | Estimated % Who Currently Smoke |
|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| 29213480105 | 4801.05 | 20.7 |
| 29213480106 | 4801.06 | 21.2 |
| 29213480201 | 4802.01 | 20.8 |
| 29213480202 | 4802.02 | 24.5 |
| 29213480301 | 4803.01 | 19.7 |
| 29213480302 | 4803.02 | 21.2 |
| 29213480401 | 4804.01 | 23.8 |
| 29213480402 | 4804.02 | 24.7 |
| 29213480501 | 4805.01 | 17.6 |
| 29213480502 | 4805.02 | 18.9 |

Currently Smoking Rates Across Taney County Census Tracts

(66)

Physical Inactivity Rates Across Taney County Census Tracts

| Census Tract Code | Census Tract Name | Estimated % of People Who are Physically Inactive |
|-------------------|-------------------|---|
| 29213480105 | 4801.05 | 28.2 |
| 29213480106 | 4801.06 | 28.3 |
| 29213480201 | 4802.01 | 27.1 |
| 29213480202 | 4802.02 | 29.4 |
| 29213480301 | 4803.01 | 25.4 |
| 29213480302 | 4803.02 | 25.8 |
| 29213480401 | 4804.01 | 32.3 |
| 29213480402 | 4804.02 | 31.5 |
| 29213480501 | 4805.01 | 25.3 |
| 29213480502 | 4805.02 | 25.1 |

(66)

Sleep Less Than Seven Hours Per Night Across Taney County Census Tracts

| Census Tract | Census Tract | Estimated % of People Who Sleep Less Than 7 Hours Per |
|--------------|--------------|---|
| Code | Name | Night |
| 29213480105 | 4801.05 | 32.7 |
| 29213480106 | 4801.06 | 32.9 |
| 29213480201 | 4802.01 | 32.7 |
| 29213480202 | 4802.02 | 34.0 |
| 29213480301 | 4803.01 | 32.1 |
| 29213480302 | 4803.02 | 32.7 |
| 29213480401 | 4804.01 | 33.0 |
| 29213480402 | 4804.02 | 33.6 |
| 29213480501 | 4805.01 | 30.5 |
| 29213480502 | 4805.02 | 31.9 |

(66)

Number of Poor Health Days in the Last 30 Days, 2019

| Measurement | Taney County | Missouri | |
|---------------------------|--------------|----------|--|
| Poor Physical Health Days | 4.6 | 4.0 | |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 5.1 | 4.9 | |
| | | | |

(69; 68).

Quality of Life Measures by Percentage of Population, 2019

| Indicator | Taney County | Missouri | |
|----------------------------|--------------|----------|--|
| Poor or Fair Health | 21% | 18% | |
| Frequent Physical Distress | 15% | 12% | |
| Frequent Mental Distress | 17% | 16% | |

(70; 71; 72).

Communicable Disease Counts for Taney County, 2021

| Condition Name | Confirmed | Probable |
|----------------------------------|-----------|----------|
| Animal Bites | 104 | 0 |
| Campylobacteriosis | 0 | 4 |
| Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease (CJD) | 1 | 0 |
| Cryptosporidiosis | 2 | 0 |
| Giardiasis | 1 | 0 |
| Haemophilus Influenzae, Invasive | 2 | 0 |
| Hepatitis A Acute | 4 | 0 |
| Hepatitis B Acute | 1 | 0 |
| Hepatitis C Chronic Infection | 65 | 0 |
| Mott | 2 | 0 |
| Rabies Post Exposure Prophylaxis | 13 | 0 |
| Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever | 0 | 1 |
| Salmonellosis | 6 | 0 |
| Strep Pneumoniae Invasive | 1 | 0 |
| Tularemia | 2 | 0 |
| Total | 204 | 5 |

(73).

New Chlamydia Diagnoses in Taney County Over Time

| Year | New Chlamydia Diagnoses |
|------|-------------------------|
| 2013 | 142 |
| 2014 | 142 |
| 2015 | 155 |
| 2016 | 151 |
| 2017 | 178 |
| 2018 | 211 |
| 2019 | 146 |
| 2020 | 142 |
| 2021 | 137 |
| 2021 | 137 |

(74; 75; 73).

New Gonorrhea Diagnoses in Taney County Over Time

| Year | New Gonorrhea Diagnoses |
|------|-------------------------|
| 2013 | 12 |
| 2014 | 40 |
| 2015 | 30 |
| 2016 | 47 |
| 2017 | 79 |
| 2018 | 104 |
| 2019 | 57 |
| 2020 | 75 |
| 2021 | 82 |

(74; 75; 73).

New Syphilis Diagnoses in Taney County Over Time

| Year | New Syphilis Diagnoses |
|------|------------------------|
| 2013 | 2 |
| 2014 | 2 |
| 2015 | 6 |
| 2016 | 8 |
| 2017 | 6 |
| 2018 | 8 |
| 2019 | 7 |
| 2020 | 12 |
| 2021 | 54 |

(74; 75; 73).

COVID-19 Cases in Taney County

| Year | 2020 | 2021 |
|------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Confirmed and Probable Cases | 4,705 | 4,989 |
| (75.72) | | |

(75; 73).

COVID-19 Deaths in Taney County

| Year | 2020 | 2021 |
|------------------|------|------|
| Confirmed Deaths | 75 | 94 |
| / | | |

(75; 73).

COVID-19 Confirmed Cases

| Month | 2020 Cases | 2021 Cases |
|-----------|------------|------------|
| January | 0 | 534 |
| February | 0 | 151 |
| March | 3 | 74 |
| April | 9 | 95 |
| May | 1 | 117 |
| June | 83 | 459 |
| July | 398 | 1004 |
| August | 495 | 601 |
| September | 377 | 308 |
| October | 667 | 129 |
| November | 1,126 | 163 |
| December | 876 | 555 |

(75; 73).

Leading Causes of Death in Taney County, 2009-2019

| Cause of Death | Number of | Significantly Different from Missouri Rate |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|--|
| | Deaths | |
| Heart Disease | 2,023 | Higher |
| Cancer | 1,332 | Lower |
| Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease | 357 | Lower |
| Unintentional Injuries | 276 | Lower |
| Stroke/Other Cerebrovascular | 282 | Lower |
| Disease | | |
| Alzheimer's Disease | 195 | Lower |
| Kidney Disease | 120 | Lower |
| Pneumonia and Influenza | 117 | Not significantly different |
| Suicide | 104 | Not significantly different |
| Septicemia | 98 | Not significantly different |
| Diabetes Mellitus | 86 | Lower |
| Chronic Liver Disease and Cirrhosis | 85 | Higher |

(76).

| Data Year | Count | Rate | State Rate |
|-----------|-------|--------|------------|
| 2008-2010 | 390 | 213.51 | 207.79 |
| 2009-2011 | 406 | 216.75 | 200.75 |
| 2010-2012 | 434 | 223.03 | 196.22 |
| 2011-2013 | 463 | 229.05 | 194.11 |
| 2012-2014 | 500 | 238.59 | 192.74 |
| 2013-2015 | 543 | 252.94 | 194.78 |
| 2014-2016 | 574 | 262.00 | 194.15 |
| 2015-2017 | 638 | 281.77 | 193.50 |
| 2016-2018 | 683 | 292.63 | 190.44 |
| 2017-2019 | 715 | 297.28 | 188.49 |

Taney County Heart Disease Rates 3-Year Rolling Average, 2009-2019

(90)

Life Expectancy in Taney County by Census Tract

| Census Tract Code | Census Tract Name | Life Expectancy |
|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| 29213480105 | 4801.05 | 80.1 |
| 29213480106 | 4801.06 | 78.5 |
| 29213480201 | 4802.01 | 77.4 |
| 29213480202 | 4802.02 | 76.0 |
| 29213480301 | 4803.01 | 75.7 |
| 29213480302 | 4803.02 | 78.5 |
| 29213480401 | 4804.01 | 76.1 |
| 29213480402 | 4804.02 | 74.8 |
| 29213480501 | 4805.01 | 74.9 |
| 29213480502 | 4805.02 | 78.3 |
| Taney County Overall | Taney County Overall | 77.3 |
| Missouri Overall | Missouri Overall | 76.6 |

(79).

| Chronic Diagnosis | Rate |
|--|-----------------|
| Alcohol and substance-related mental disorders | 6.2 |
| Asthma | 3.0 |
| Atherosclerosis | 0.1 |
| Cerebrovascular disease | x ³⁵ |
| Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease and bronchiectasis | 9.7 |
| Chronic renal failure | 0.0 |
| Diabetes | 2.0 |
| Diseases of the heart | 17.8 |
| Epilepsy- convulsions | 4.0 |
| Hypertension | 2.3 |
| Liver disease | 0.3 |
| Neoplasms – malignant (cancer) | X |
| Non-traumatic joint disorders | 6.4 |
| Other cardiovascular/circulatory conditions | 2.2 |
| Sickle cell anemia | X |
| Total for selection | 55.2 |

Rate Per 100,000 of Chronic Disease Emergency Room Visits in Taney County, 2005-2015

Heart Disease by Taney County Census Tract

| Census Tract Code | Census Tract Name | % of People Who Have Heart Disease |
|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| 29213480105 | 4801.05 | 8.2 |
| 29213480106 | 4801.06 | 7.2 |
| 29213480201 | 4802.01 | 7.5 |
| 29213480202 | 4802.02 | 8.0 |
| 29213480301 | 4803.01 | 7.4 |
| 29213480302 | 4803.02 | 6.9 |
| 29213480401 | 4804.01 | 10.8 |
| 29213480402 | 4804.02 | 9.8 |
| 29213480501 | 4805.01 | 9.2 |
| 29213480502 | 4805.02 | 6.7 |

(66)

 $^{^{\}rm 35}$ An "x" indicates that this number cannot be revealed due to a confidentiality rule.

Cancer by Taney County Census Tract

| Census Tract Code | Census Tract Name | % Of People Who Have Cancer |
|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| 29213480105 | 4801.05 | 7.4 |
| 29213480106 | 4801.06 | 6.5 |
| 29213480201 | 4802.01 | 7.0 |
| 29213480202 | 4802.02 | 6.6 |
| 29213480301 | 4803.01 | 7.2 |
| 29213480302 | 4803.02 | 6.6 |
| 29213480401 | 4804.01 | 8.8 |
| 29213480402 | 4804.02 | 7.9 |
| 29213480501 | 4805.01 | 9.1 |
| 29213480502 | 4805.02 | 6.2 |

(66)

Strokes by Taney County Census Tract

| Census Tract Code | Census Tract Name | % of People Who Have Strokes |
|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| 29213480105 | 4801.05 | 3.7 |
| 29213480106 | 4801.06 | 3.4 |
| 29213480201 | 4802.01 | 3.5 |
| 29213480202 | 4802.02 | 3.8 |
| 29213480301 | 4803.01 | 3.3 |
| 29213480302 | 4803.02 | 3.1 |
| 29213480401 | 4804.01 | 5.0 |
| 29213480402 | 4804.02 | 4.5 |
| 29213480501 | 4805.01 | 3.9 |
| 29213480502 | 4805.02 | 3.0 |

(66)

Obesity by Taney County Census Tract

| Census Tract Code | Census Tract Name | % of People Who Are Obese |
|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| 29213480105 | 4801.05 | 37.5 |
| 29213480106 | 4801.06 | 36.7 |
| 29213480201 | 4802.01 | 36.6 |
| 29213480202 | 4802.02 | 39.1 |
| 29213480301 | 4803.01 | 36.4 |
| 29213480302 | 4803.02 | 36.5 |
| 29213480401 | 4804.01 | 38.6 |
| 29213480402 | 4804.02 | 38.9 |
| 29213480501 | 4805.01 | 36.1 |
| 29213480502 | 4805.02 | 34.1 |

(66)

| Mechanism of Injury | Rate | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Abuse/Neglect/Rape | x ³⁶ | |
| All Other | 1,692.7 | |
| Cut/Pierce | 720.8 | |
| Drowning | 5.5 | |
| Drugs/Alch/Poison | 0.0 | |
| Fall/Jump | 3,168.1 | |
| Fire/Burn | 203.7 | |
| Firearm | 15.7 | |
| Foreign Body | 0.0 | |
| Hot Object/Substance | 0.0 | |
| Machinery | x | |
| Medical Misadventure | 0.0 | |
| Motor Vehicle – Non-Traffic | 259.3 | |
| Motor Vehicle Traffic | 1,224.3 | |
| Natural / Environmental | 0.0 | |
| Other Land Transport | 0.0 | |
| Other Transport | 20.0 | |
| Over Exertion | 1,065.5 | |
| Poison/Overdose | 398.4 | |
| Struck By/Against | 1,592.4 | |
| Suffocate/Hang | x | |
| Unknown | 75.9 | |
| Weather/Wildlife | 550.7 | |
| Total for selection | 11,054.6 | |

Rate Per 100,000 of Injuries in Taney County, 2005-2015

(83).

Local Public Health System Assessment Scores

| Service | Scores Provided by Community | Scores Provided by TCHD |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Partners | Employees |
| 1 Monitor Health Status | 62.3 | 73.5 |
| 2 Diagnose and Investigate | 70.6 | 77.8 |
| 3 Educate and Empower | 72.2 | 75.7 |
| 4 Mobilize Partnerships | 65.3 | 75.3 |
| 5 Develop Policies and Plans | 68.5 | 69.8 |
| 6 Enforce Laws | 70.6 | 63.2 |
| 7 Link to Health Services | 64.1 | 80.5 |
| 8 Assure Workforce | 66.9 | 71.1 |
| 9 Evaluate Services | 59.6 | 71.8 |
| 10 Research and Innovations | 68.9 | 65.3 |
| Average | 66.9 | 72.4 |

(85)

 $^{^{36}}$ An "x" indicates that this number cannot be revealed due to a confidentiality rule.